

# FURUNO

Model **FA-50**  
CLASS B AIS TRANSPONDER



**FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

[www.furuno.com](http://www.furuno.com)

OPERATOR'S MANUAL



**ECF**

(Elemental Chlorine Free)

The paper used in this manual  
is elemental chlorine free.

**FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

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•FURUNO Authorized Distributor/Dealer

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(YOTA) FA-50



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# IMPORTANT NOTICES

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## General

- The operator of this equipment must read and follow the descriptions in this manual. Wrong operation or maintenance can cancel the warranty or cause injury.
- Do not copy any part of this manual without written permission from FURUNO.
- If this manual is lost or worn, contact your dealer about replacement.
- The contents of this manual and equipment specifications can change without notice.
- The example screens (or illustrations) shown in this manual can be different from the screens you see on your display. The screens you see depend on your system configuration and equipment settings.
- Save this manual for future reference.
- Any modification of the equipment (including software) by persons not authorized by FURUNO will cancel the warranty.
- All brand and product names are trademarks, registered trademarks or service marks of their respective holders.
- Windows and Windows Vista are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation of the United States or other countries.

## How to discard this product

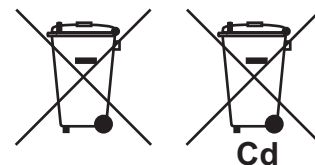
Discard this product according to local regulations for the disposal of industrial waste. For disposal in the USA, see the homepage of the Electronics Industries Alliance (<http://www.eiae.org/>) for the correct method of disposal.

## How to discard a used battery

Some FURUNO products have a battery(ies). To see if your product has a battery(ies), see the chapter on Maintenance. Follow the instructions below if a battery(ies) is used. Tape the + and - terminals of battery before disposal to prevent fire, heat generation caused by short circuit.

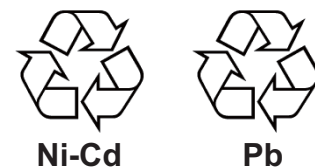
### In the European Union

The crossed-out trash can symbol indicates that all types of batteries must not be discarded in standard trash, or at a trash site. Take the used batteries to a battery collection site according to your national legislation and the Batteries Directive 2006/66/EU.



### In the USA

The Mobius loop symbol (three chasing arrows) indicates that Ni-Cd and lead-acid rechargeable batteries must be recycled. Take the used batteries to a battery collection site according to local laws.



### In the other countries

There are no international standards for the battery recycle symbol. The number of symbols can increase when the other countries make their own recycle symbols in the future.



# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The operator and installer must read the applicable safety instructions before attempting to install or operate the equipment.



## WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



## CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor or moderate injury.



Warning, Caution



Prohibitive Action



Mandatory Action

### ***Safety instructions for the operator***



## WARNING



**Do not open the shield cover.**

Only qualified personnel should work inside the equipment.



**Do not disassemble or modify the equipment.**

Fire, electrical shock or serious injury can result.



**Immediately turn off the power at the power source if**

- **water leaks into the equipment**
- **something is dropped into the equipment**
- **the equipment is emitting smoke or is on fire**
- **the equipment is emitting strange noises**

Continued use of the equipment can cause fire or electrical shock. Contact a FURUNO dealer or agent for service.



**Do not operate the equipment with wet hands.**

Electrical shock can result.



**Use the proper fuse.**

Use of the wrong fuse can cause fire or electrical shock.



## WARNING



**Do not place liquid-filled containers on the top of the equipment.**

Fire or electrical shock can result if a liquid spills into the equipment.



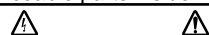
**Make sure no rain or water splash leaks into the equipment.**

Fire or electrical shock can result if water leaks into the equipment.

**Warning labels are attached to the equipment. Do not remove these labels. If a label is missing or illegible, contact a FURUNO agent or dealer replacement.**

### ⚠ WARNING ⚠

To avoid electrical shock, do not remove cover. No user-serviceable parts inside.




Name: Warning Label (1)  
Type: 86-003-1011-1  
Code No.: 100-236-232-10


### ⚠ WARNING ⚠

To avoid electrical shock, do not remove cover. No user-serviceable parts inside.

Name: Warning Label (2)  
Type: 86-129-1001-1  
Code No.: 100-236-742-10

***Safety instructions for the installer***


 **WARNING**



**ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD**  
Do not open the equipment unless totally familiar with electrical circuits and service manual.

Only qualified personnel should work inside the equipment.


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**Turn off the power at the switchboard before beginning the installation.**

Fire or electrical shock can result if the power is left on.


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**Do not install the equipment where it may get wet from rain or water splash.**


Water in the equipment can result in fire, electrical shock or damage to the equipment.


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**Be sure that the power supply is compatible with the voltage rating of the equipment.**

Connecting an incompatible power supply can cause fire or damage the equipment. The voltage rating appears on the inlet of power.


 **CAUTION**




**Observe the following compass safe distances to prevent interference to a magnetic compass:**

	Standard compass	Steering compass
FA-50	0.30 m	0.30 m
PR-240	0.90 m	0.60 m
GVA-100-T	0.30 m	0.30 m
DB-1	0.30 m	0.30 m

***Radiation Hazard***

 **WARNING**



**Do not approach the antenna closer than 0.4 m (MPE by FCC) when it is transmitting.**

The antenna emits radio waves which can be harmful to the human body.

RF power density on antenna aperture	Distance	Description required by
100 W/m <sup>2</sup>	Nil	IEC 60945
10 W/m <sup>2</sup>	0.1 m	IEC 60945
2 W/m <sup>2</sup>	0.4 m	MPE by FCC

(MPE: Minimum Permissible Exposure)

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# FOREWORD

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## A Word to the Owner of the FA-50

Congratulations on your choice of the FURUNO FA-50 AIS Transponder. We are confident you will see why the FURUNO name has become synonymous with quality and reliability.

Since 1948, FURUNO Electric Company has enjoyed an enviable reputation for quality marine electronics equipment. This dedication to excellence is furthered by our extensive global network of agents and dealers.

This equipment is designed and constructed to meet the rigorous demands of the marine environment. However, no machine can perform its intended function unless operated and maintained properly. Please carefully read and follow the recommended procedures for operation and maintenance.

Thank you for considering and purchasing FURUNO equipment.

## Features

The FA-50 is a Class B AIS (Automatic Identification System) capable of exchanging navigation and ship data between own ship and other ships or coastal stations. It complies with IMO MSC. 140(76) Annex 3, A.694, ITU-R M.1371-2 and DSC ITU-R M.825-3 It also complies with IEC 60945 (EMC and environmental conditions).

FA-50 consists of VHF and GPS antennas, a transponder unit and several associated units. The transponder contains a VHF transmitter, two TDMA receivers on two parallel VHF channels, interface, communication processor, and internal GPS receiver. The internal GPS is a 12-channel all-in-view receiver with a differential capability. It also gives position, COG and SOG when the external GPS. FA-50 receives DSC, time-sharing with TDMA receiver.

The main features are:

- Safety of navigation by automatically exchanging navigational data
- Static data
  - MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity)
  - Call sign & Ship's name
  - Type of ship
  - Location of position-fixing antenna on the ship
- Dynamic data
  - Ship's position with accuracy indication and integrity status
  - Universal Time Coordinated (UTC)
  - Course over ground (COG)
  - Speed over ground (SOG)
  - Heading
- Voyage-related data
  - Hazardous cargo (type)
- Short safety-related messages are receivable.

## FOREWORD

- Interfaces for radar, PC for future networking expansion
- GPS/VHF combined antenna for easy installation available
- Built-in GPS receiver for position-fixing device

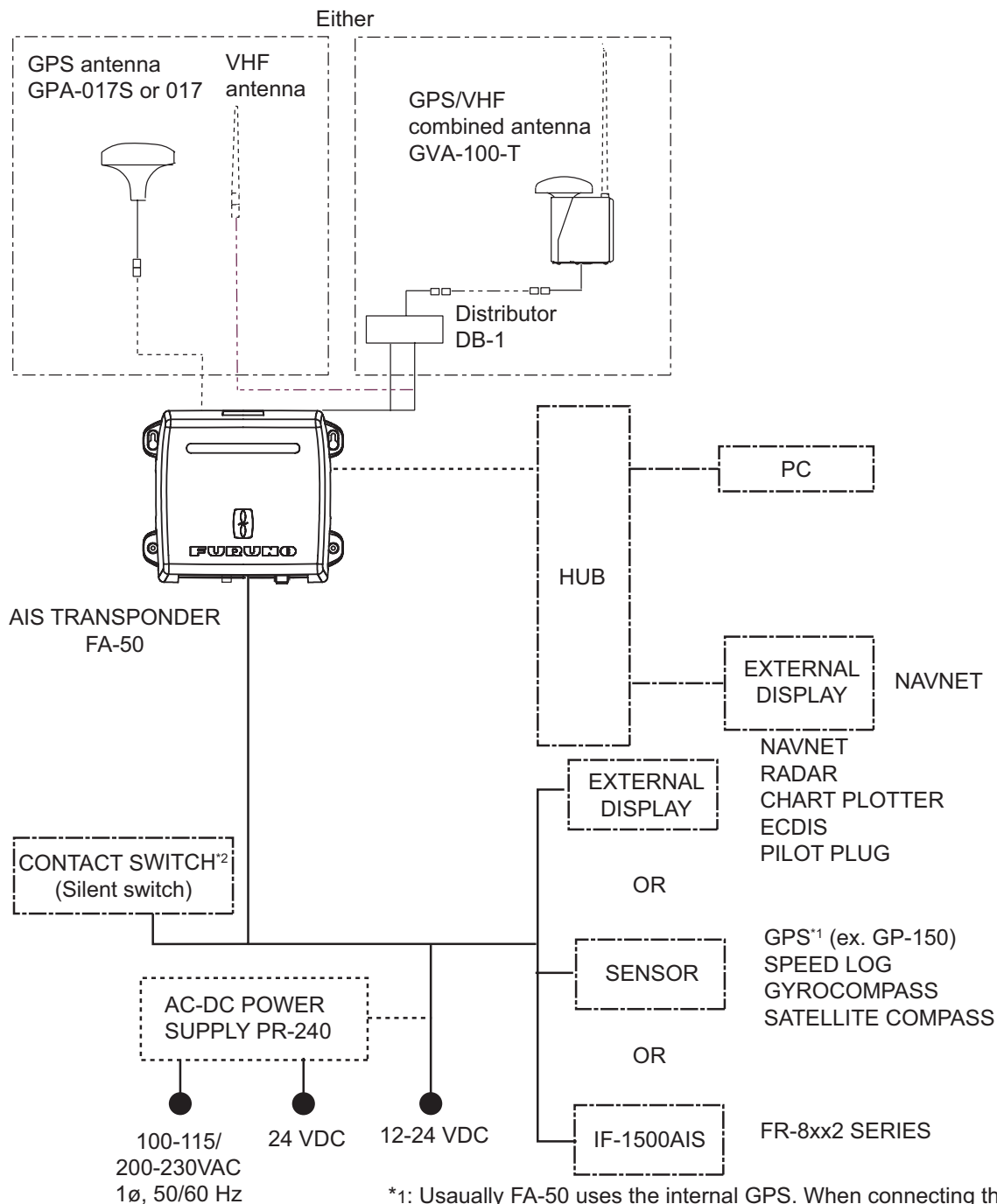
## Program Version

Item	Program No.	Version No.	Date
FA-50 AIS Transponder Main Program	0550233	01.**	July 2007

\*\*: Minor change



# SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS



\*1: Usually FA-50 uses the internal GPS. When connecting the external GPS, use one which satisfies the following points.

- 1) Outputs DTM sentence (WGS-84 can be chosen.)
- 2) Outputs GBS sentence.
- 3) Outputs sentences with the mode indicator;  
 GNS: Ver.3.0 and later    GLL: Ver.2.0 and later  
 GGA: Ver.2.0 and later    RMC: Ver.1.5 and later  
 GPS navigator GP-150 meets with requirements shown above.

\*2: Only for ships that are not required to carry a class B transponder.

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# 1. INSTALLATION

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## 1.1 Equipment List

### Standard supply

Name	Type	Code No.	Qty	Remarks
AIS transponder	FA-50	-	1	
Antenna unit	GVA-100	-	1	GPS/VHF combined
	GPA-017S	-	1 set	GPS antenna
	GPA-017	-	1 set	GPS antenna w/10 m cable
Distributor	DB-1	-	1	For GVA-100
Spare parts	SP05-05801	001-031-960	1 set	4A fuses (Type: FGMB 125V 4A, Code No.: 000-157-482-10)
Installation materials	CP24-00502	005-955-560	1 set	For GPA-017S
	CP05-11401	001-031-970	1 set	For FA-50, self-tapping screws (Type: 4x20, Code No.: 000-158-850-10)
	TNC-PS/PS-3D-L15M-R	000-133-670-11	1	For GPA-017S, 15 m cable
	CP24-00101	005-950-730	1 set	For DB-1, self-tapping screws (Type: 4x30, Code No.: 000-162-659-10)
	CP24-00141	005-952-330	1	For GVA-100T

## 1. INSTALLATION

### Optional supply

Name	Type	Code No.	Remarks
AC-DC power supply	PR-240	-	
Whip antenna	CP05-11001	001-034-670	For outside Japan
Antenna cable set	CP20-02700	004-381-160	For GPA-017S
	CP20-02710	004-381-170	For GPA-017S
	CP24-00300	000-041-938	For GVA-100
	CP24-00310	000-041-939	For GVA-100
Coaxial cable	TNC-PS/PS-3D-L15M-R	000-133-670-11	TNC-TNC, 15 m
Right-angle antenna base	No.13-QA330	000-803-239	For GPA-017/S
L-angle antenna base	No.13-QA310	000-803-240	For GPA-017/S
Antenna base for rail mount	No.13-RC5160	000-806-114	For GPA-017/S
Mast mount fixture	CP20-01111	004-365-780	For GPA-017/S
LAN cable	P5E-4PTX-BL L=2M	000-164-634-10	2 m
	P5E-4PTX-BL L=10M	000-164-637-10	10 m
Cable assy	MJ-A6SPF0017-010C	000-159-704-11	For NavNet vx2, 1 m
	MJ-A6SPF0017-050C	000-159-705-11	For NavNet vx2, 5 m
	MJ-A6SPF0017-100C	000-159-706-11	For NavNet vx2, 10 m
	MJ-A6SPF0017-200C	000-159-707-11	For NavNet vx2, 20 m
	MJ-A6SPF0017-300C	000-159-708-11	For NavNet vx2, 30 m

**Note:** One FA-50 can be installed on a network.

## 1.2 AIS Transponder FA-50

### Mounting considerations, mounting

The FA-50 can be mounted on a desktop, deck or on a bulkhead. When selecting a mounting location, keep the following points in mind:

- The temperature and humidity should be moderate and stable.
- Locate the unit away from exhaust pipes and vents.
- The mounting location should be well ventilated.
- Mount the unit where shock and vibration are minimal.
- Keep the unit away from electromagnetic field-generating equipment such as motors and generators.
- A magnetic compass will be affected if the FA-50 is placed too close to it. Observe the compass safe distances noted in the safety instructions to prevent disturbance to the magnetic compass.

Fix the unit to the mounting location with 4x20 self-tapping screws (supplied).

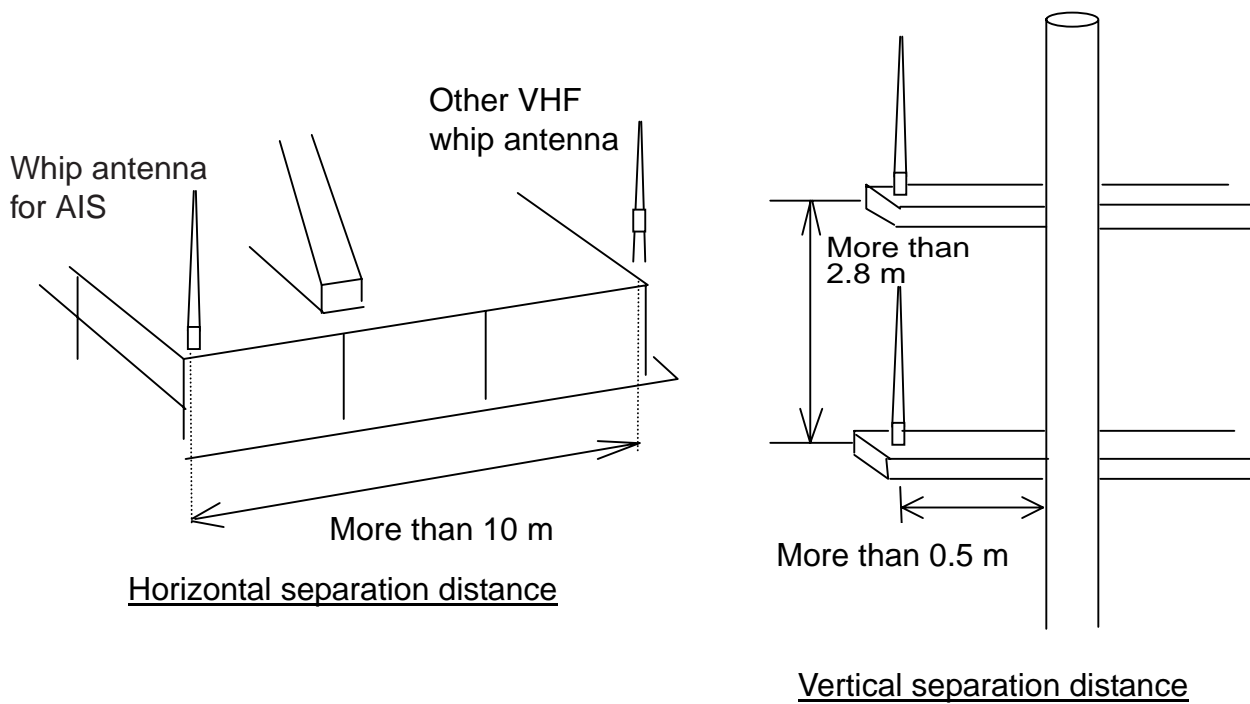
## 1.3 VHF Antenna

### Location

The location of the AIS VHF-antenna should be carefully considered. Digital communication is more sensitive than analog/voice communication to interference created by reflections in obstructions like masts and booms. It may be necessary to relocate the VHF radiotelephone antenna to minimize interference effects. To minimize interference effects, the following guidelines apply:

- The AIS VHF antenna should be placed in an elevated position that is as free as possible with a minimum of 0.5 meters in the horizontal direction from constructions made of conductive materials. The antenna should not be installed close to any large vertical obstruction. The objective for the AIS VHF antenna is to see the horizon freely through 360 degrees.
- There should not be more than one antenna on the same plane. The AIS VHF antenna should be mounted directly above or below the ship's primary VHF radiotelephone antenna, with no horizontal separation and with a minimum of 2.8 meters vertical separation. If it is located on the same plane as other antennas, the distance apart should be at least 10 meters.
- Install the VHF whip antenna (option) referring to the outline drawing at the back of this manual. Separate this antenna from other VHF radiotelephone antennas as shown below to prevent interference to the FA-50.

## 1. INSTALLATION



### **Cabling**

- Use coaxial cable type 5D-2V or the equivalent.
- The cable should be kept as short as possible to minimize signal attenuation, and the maximum length is 50 meters.
- All outdoor-installed connectors on coaxial cables should be fitted with preventive isolation such as vulcanizing tape to protect against water penetration into the antenna cable.
- Coaxial cables should be installed in separate signal cable channels/tubes and at least 10 cm away from power supply cables. Crossing of cables should be done at right angles (90 degrees). The minimum bend radius of the coaxial cable should be 5 times the cable's outer diameter.

## 1.4 GPS Antenna

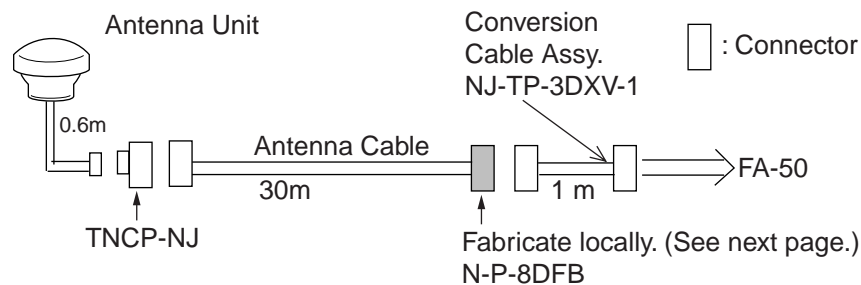
Install the GPS antenna unit referring to the outline drawing at the back of this manual. When selecting a mounting location for the antenna, keep in mind the following points.

- Select a location out of the radar beam. The radar beam will obstruct or prevent reception of the GPS satellite signal.
- There should be no interfering object within the line-of-sight to the satellites. Objects within line-of-sight to a satellite, for example, a mast, may block reception or prolong acquisition time.
- Mount the antenna unit as high as possible to keep it free of interfering objects and water spray, which can interrupt reception of GPS satellite signal if the water freezes.

### Extending antenna cable

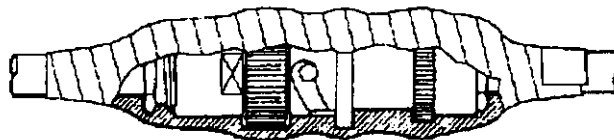
Three types of antenna cable extensions are optionally available.

- Antenna cable set CP20-02700



### Waterproofing connector

Wrap connector with vulcanizing tape and then vinyl tape. Bind the tape end with a cable-tie.

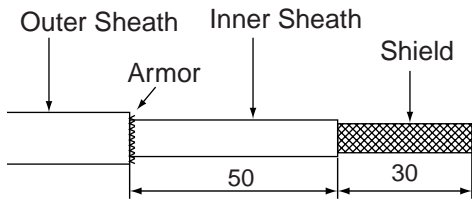


- Antenna cable set CP20-02710 (8D-FB-CV, 50 m)
- Connect the cable the same as 1) above.

**Note:** The length of this cable should be less than 20 m to prevent signal loss. The coax. coupling cable assy.(type: NJ-TP-3DXV-1, code no. 000-123-809), coaxial connector (N-P-8DFB; supplied), vulcanizing tape and vinyl tape are required. Fabricate both ends of the cable as shown in the figure on the next page.

## 1. INSTALLATION

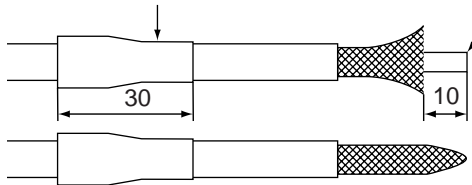
### **How to attach the connector N-P-8DFB for cable 8D-FB-CV**



Remove outer sheath and armor by the dimensions shown left.

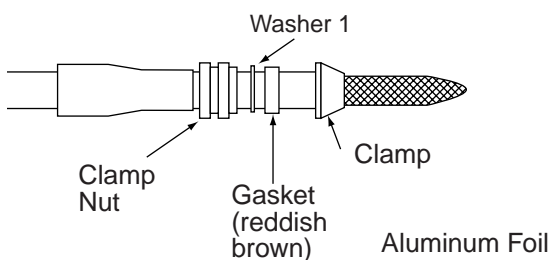
Expose inner sheath and shield by the dimensions shown left.

Cover with heat-shrink tubing and heat.

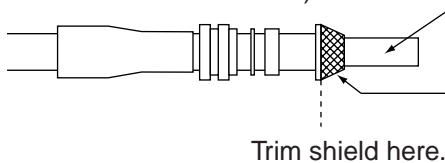


Cut off insulator and core by 10mm from its end.

Twist shield end.

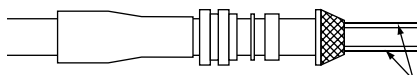


Slip on clamp nut, washer 1, gasket and clamp as shown left. If it is difficult to slip the clamp onto the cable, use a file to enlarge the inner diameter of the clamp.

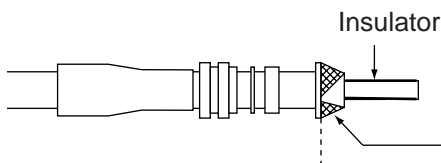


Fold back shield over clamp and trim.

Trim shield here.

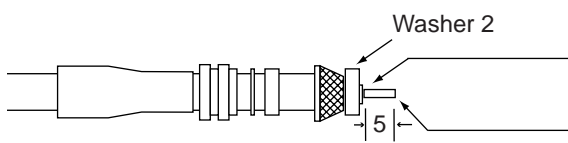


Cut aluminum foil at four places, 90° from one another.



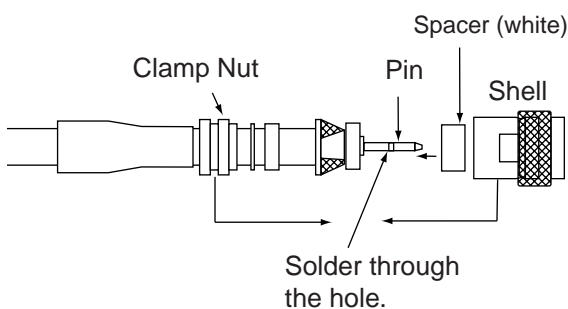
Fold back aluminum foil onto shield and trim.

Trim aluminum tape foil here.



Slit the washer 2, and trim insulator at the end of the washer 2.

Expose the core by 5mm.



Slip the pin onto the conductor. Solder them together through the hole on the pin.

Insert the pin into the spacer (white) and shell.

Screw the clamp nut into the shell.

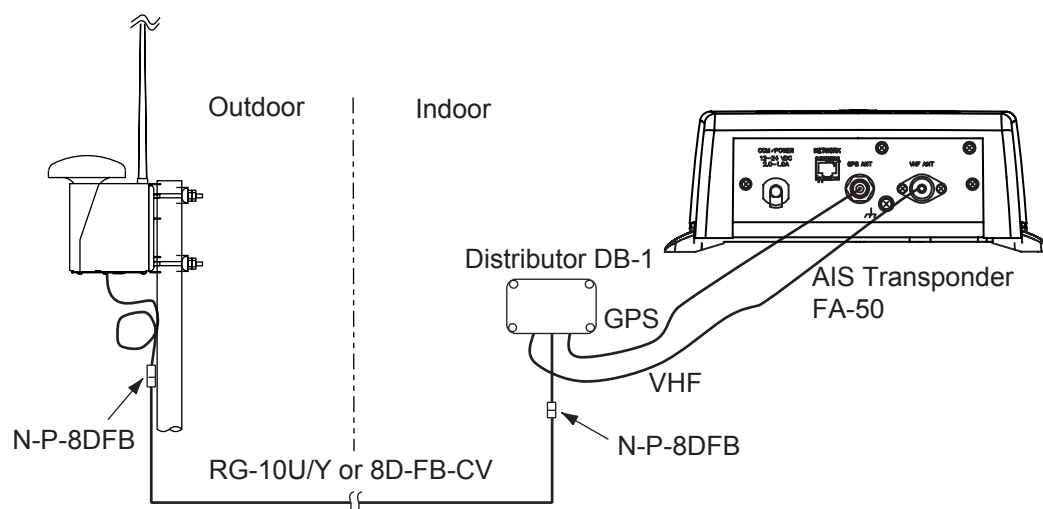
(Tighten by turning the clamp nut. Do not tighten by turning the shell.)



## 1.5 GPS/VHF Combined Antenna

Install the combined antenna unit referring to the outline drawing. When selecting a mounting location for the antenna, keep in mind the following points.

- Select a location out of the radar beam. The radar beam will obstruct or prevent reception of the GPS satellite signal.
- There should be no interfering object within the line-of-sight to the satellites. Objects within line-of-sight to a satellite, for example, a mast, may block reception or prolong acquisition time.
- Mount the antenna unit as high as possible. Mounting it this way keeps it free of interfering objects and water spray, which can interrupt reception of GPS satellite signal if the water freezes.



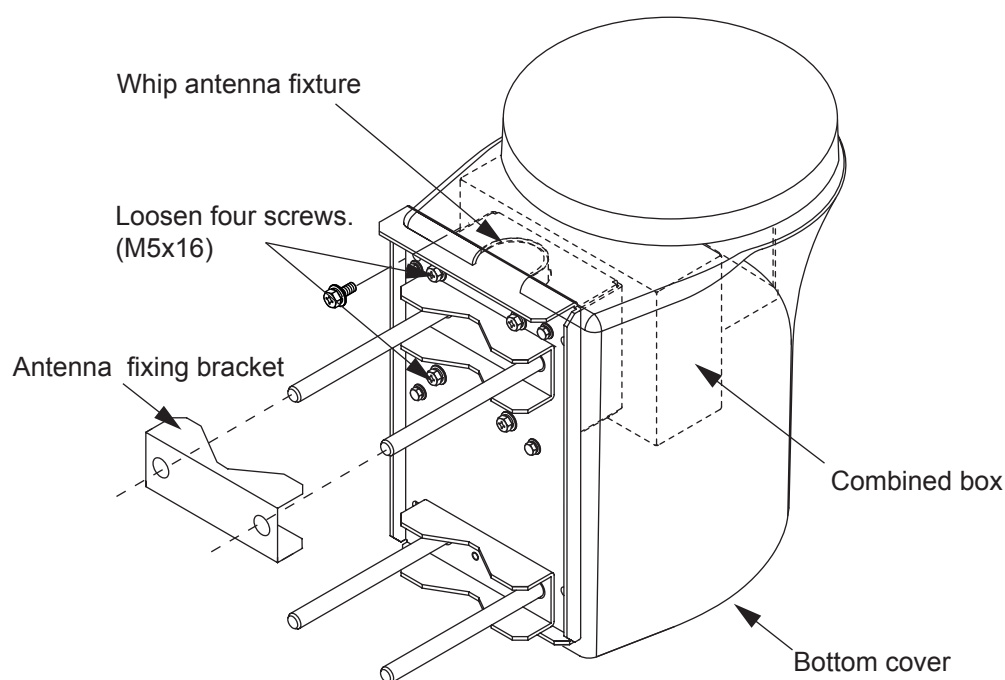
*Installation overview of GPS/VHF combined antenna*

### **Mounting procedure**

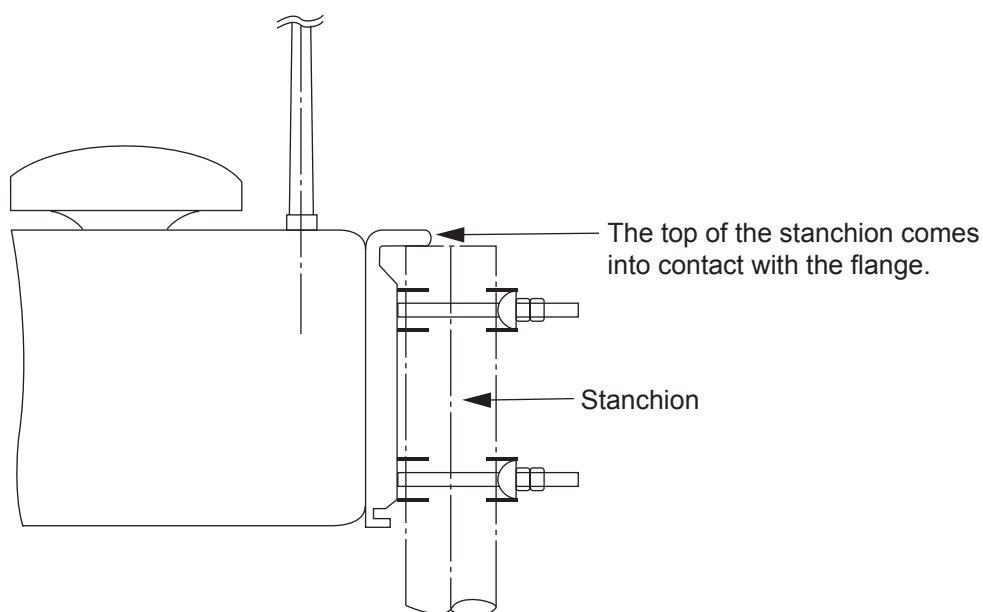
1. Dismount the bottom cover, cut the cable-tie inside the unit and take out the coaxial connector attached to the combined box.
2. Loosen four screws to loosen whip antenna fixture and pull out the coaxial connector coming from the combined box through the hole in the whip antenna fixture.
3. Connect the coaxial connector to the whip antenna base and wrap the junction part of the whip antenna with vulcanizing tape and then vinyl tape for waterproofing.
4. Insert the whip antenna from the top of the combined antenna.
5. Secure the whip antenna with whip antenna fixture.
6. Using a new plastic band (supplied), secure the cables and coaxial connector inside the antenna case.
7. Mount the bottom cover.
8. Fix the GPS/VHF combined antenna to the ship's stanchion (40 to 50 mm diameter) with antenna fixing brackets, flat washers and hex. nuts. For 60 to 80 mm diameter stanchion, the mast fixing kit (Type: OP24-5, Code No.: 005-954-510) is necessary.

**Note:** Coat the exposed parts of bolts and nuts with silicon sealant.

## 1. INSTALLATION

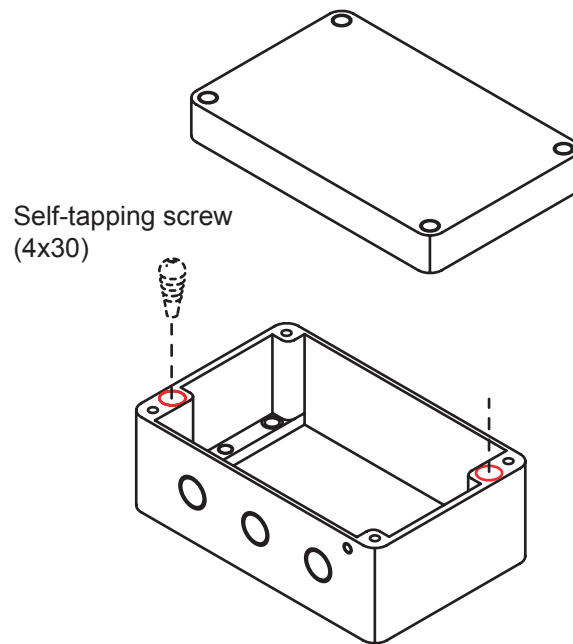


*GPS/VHF combined antenna*



### **Installing distributor DB-1**

The length of the cable between the distributor and transponder is 1 m so locate the distributor within 1 m from the transponder. Fix the distributor on the bulkhead, facing the cable entrance downward. Remove the lid of the distributor and secure the distributor with two self-tapping screws.



**Note:** Be sure no foreign material or water enters the distributor.

## 1.6 AC-DC Power Supply (option)

When selecting a mounting location for the unit, keep the following in mind:

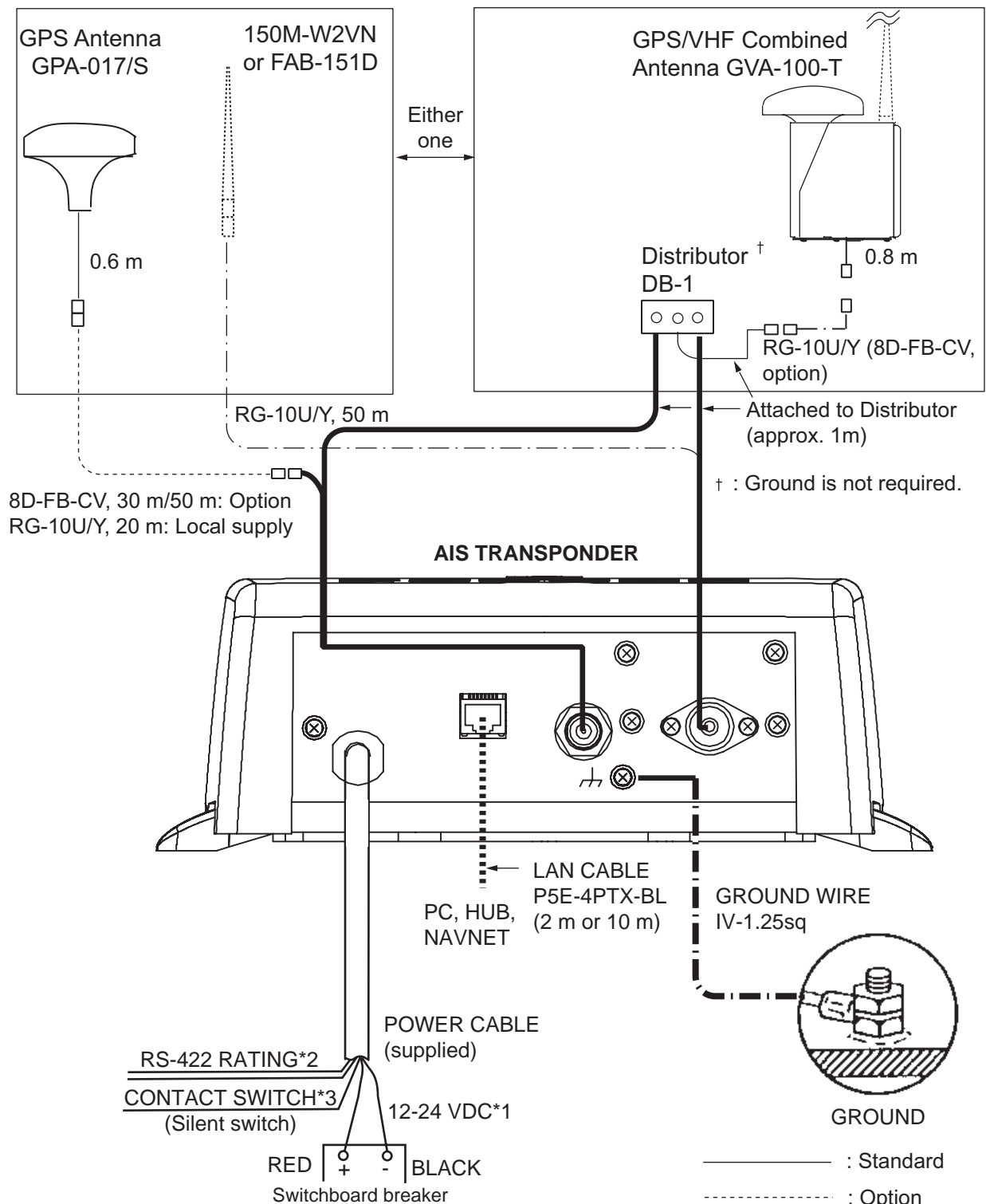
- Keep the unit out away from areas subject to water splash.
- Locate the unit away from exhaust pipes and vents.
- The mounting location should be well ventilated.
- Mount the unit where shock and vibration are minimal.
- A magnetic compass will be affected if the unit is placed too close to it. Observe the following compass safe distances to prevent disturbance to the magnetic compass:
  - Steering compass: 0.6 m
  - Standard compass: 0.9 m

Fix the unit with four self-tapping screws (4x16) to a desktop or the deck. It is not necessary to open the cover.

## 1. INSTALLATION

### 1.7 Wiring

Connect power source, LAN cable, VHF antenna and ground wires as shown below.



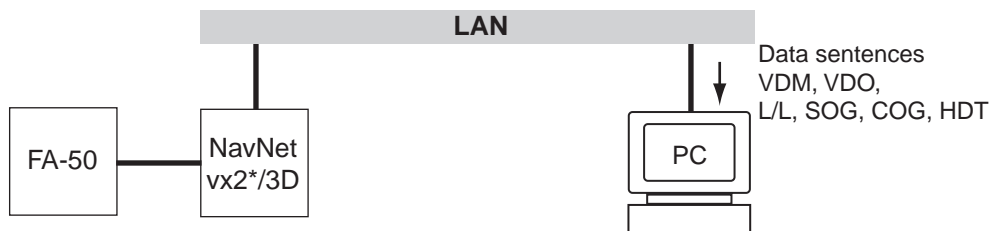
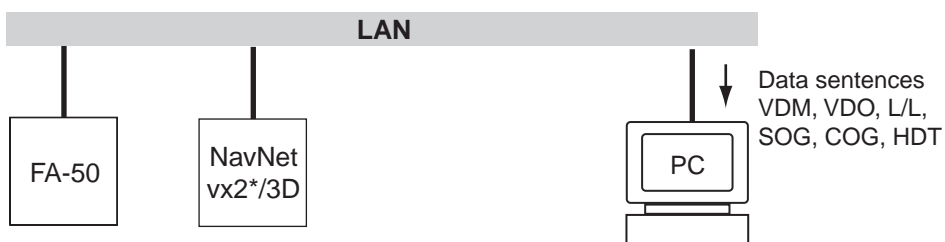
\*1: Supply from breaker on switchboard.

\*2: If COM lines (connection for NavNet, sensor) are not used, tape them to prevent short circuit.

\*3: If CONTACT SWITCH line is not used, tape them to prevent short circuit.

**Connection with the PC and NavNet vx2/3D**

The FA-50 may be connected to a PC, or to both PC and NavNet vx2/3D. See the figure below for connection examples.

DIRECT CONNECTIONNavNet vx2/3D CONNECTIONNavNet vx2/3D CONNECTION

\*Required updating software.

## 1.8 Setting and Adjustments

After installing the equipment, set up the COM port, Network and own ship's static information (MMSI, ship's name, call sign, antenna position and type of ship). The FA-50 is set up from the PC or external display. The procedure below shows how to set up from a PC.

**Note:** Click Tools>Internet Options>Connections>LAN settings, and uncheck the "Use a proxy server for your LAN" before the setting.

### 1.8.1 COM PORT setup, Network sep

**Note:** Only one FA-50 may be connected to the network.

#### Start up

1. Start up the PC and enter IP address and subnet mask.  
(Windows® 2000 Windows®XP)
  - 1) Right-click My Network and left-click.
  - 2) Right-click Local Area Network and left-click.
  - 3) Select Internet Protocol and Properties.
  - 4) Enter IP address 172.31.24.xxx (xxx=any three digits from 1 to 254, except 3).
  - 5) Enter subnet mask 255.255.0.0.  
(Windows Vista®)
  - 1) Right-click Network and left-click.
  - 2) Left-click Properties.
  - 3) Right-click Manage network connections.
  - 4) Right-click Local Area Connection, and left-click Properties.
  - 5) Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), and left-click Properties button.
  - 6) Choose Use the following IP address.
  - 7) Enter "172.31.24.xxx" in IP address. "xxx" should be 0 to 254 other than 3.
  - 8) Left-click OK button.
2. Open Internet Explorer and do the following:
  - 1) Click Tools on the menu bar.
  - 2) Click Internet Options.
  - 3) The General tab is selected. Click Settings at Temporary Internet Files.
  - 4) Click the radio button "Every visit to the page" at "Check for newer versions of stored page".
  - 5) Click the OK button.
  - 6) Click the OK button again.

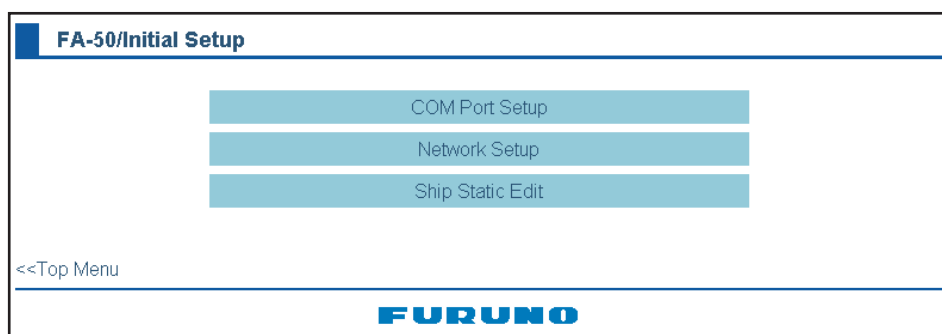
- Enter URL as `http://172.31.24.3` and press the Enter key. This number is the default value of FA-50.



\*1: Available when Ship Type is set for "8 Tanker(s)".

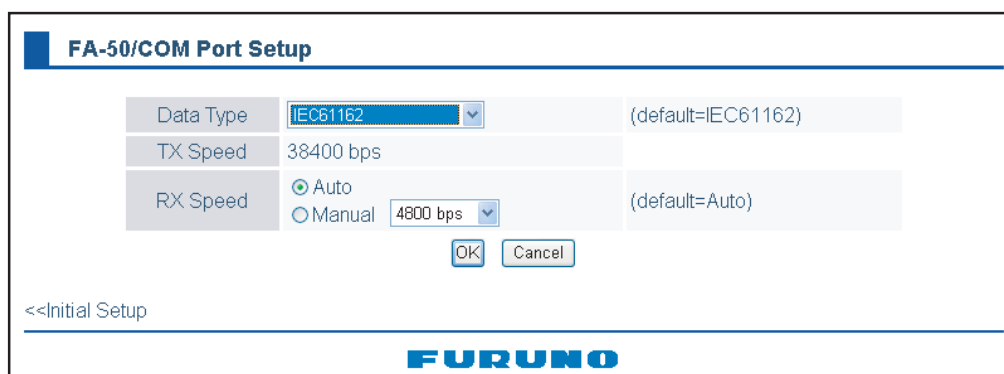
\*2: Available only for ships that are not required to carry a class B transponder.

- Click Initial Setup to show the Initial Setup screen.

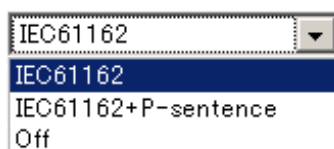


### **COM PORT setup**

- Click COM Port Setup to show the COM Port Setup screen.



- The default setting for Data Type is IEC61162, which is suitable for most installations. If change is necessary, click the Data Type drop-down list and choose data type as applicable, among the following choices.



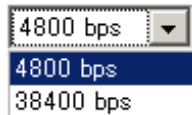
## 1. INSTALLATION

**IEC61162:** Transmit and receive IEC61162 format data via COM port. (P-sentences are received but not transmitted. P-sentence is FURUNO's original sentence.)

**IEC61162+P-sentence:** Transmit and receive IEC61162+P sentences format data via COM port.

**Off:** FA-50 transmits no data from COM port.

With the radio buttons at RX Speed, choose how RX speed is regulated, Auto or Manual. For manual, choose speed from the drop-down list.



**Note:** Tx speed is fixed at 38400 bps.

3. Click OK to confirm setting.

### **NETWORK setup**

If connected to a LAN (via NETWORK port), set the IP address for FA-50 as shown below.

1. Click Network Setup to show the Network Setup screen.

FA-50/Network Setup		
MAC Address	00-D0-1D-02-FA-60	
IP Address	<input type="text" value="172.031.024.003"/>	(default=172.031.024.003)
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.000.000"/>	(default=255.255.000.000)
Gateway Address	<input type="text" value="000.000.000.000"/>	(default=000.000.000.000)
NavNet Port Number	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	(default=10000)
Host Name	<input type="text" value="AIS0"/>	(default=AIS0)
AIS Data Output	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/>	(default=Continuous)

OK Cancel

<<Initial Setup

**FURUNO**

2. Enter the IP address assigned to the FA-50.
3. Enter subnet mask for the network.
4. Enter gateway address.
5. For NavNet connection, enter NavNet port number at NavNet Port Number. Enter ten-thousandths and one-thousandths places.
6. At Host Name, select host name to be used in NavNet, AIS0 - AIS9, from the window.
7. At Host Name, enter host name to be used in NavNet, AIS0 - AIS9.
  - Auto:** Auto-detect of where to output AIS data.
  - Continuous AIS:** Output AIS data continuously.
  - Continuous GPS:** Output GPS data (L/L, SOG, COG) continuously.
  - Continuous ZDA:** Output time data continuously.
  - Continuous AIS/GPS:** Output AIS/GPS data continuously.
  - Continuous AIS/ZDA:** Output AIS/time data continuously.



**Continuous GPS/ZDA:** Output GPS/time data continuously.

**Continuous AIS/GPS/ZDA:** Output AIS/GPS/time data continuously.

**Note:** It is not necessary to change the settings of NavNet Port Number, Host Name and AIS Data Output. Connection is available without adjusting them.

8. Click the OK button to finish.

If you changed a setting, the message below appears.

You must restart your FA-50  
before the new settings will take effect.  
Do you want to restart your FA-50 now?  
(It will take about 1 minute to restart your FA-50)

9. Click the Yes button to restart. ER LED on the FA-50 lights. After the LED goes off access is given.
10. The message "Please close the window." appears. Close the browser.

After restart is completed, it is necessary to access the FA-50 using new values. For example, if you changed the IP address, use the new address to access the FA-50.

## 1.8.2 Ship static

Set the static data as below to use the transponder function.

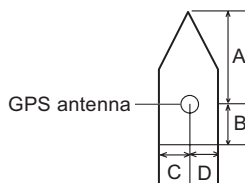
1. On the Initial Setup menu, click Ship Static Edit to show the Ship Static Edit menu.

2. Enter the Login Name and Password. The Ship Static Edit screen appears. Note that the password is known by only the FURUNO dealer.

3. Enter ship's MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity) in nine digits.
4. Enter ship's name, using up to 20 alphanumeric characters.

## 1. INSTALLATION

5. Enter call sign, using seven alphanumeric characters.
6. Set Internal/External antenna positions as follows:
  - 1) Enter distance for location "A" of FA-50 GPS antenna.  
A: Distance from bow to GPS antenna position, setting range: 0-511 m
  - 2) Enter distance for location B, C and D similar to how you did for "A" above.  
B: Distance from stern to GPS antenna position, setting range: 0-511 m  
C: Distance from port to GPS antenna position, setting range: 0-63 m  
D: Distance from starboard to GPS antenna position, setting range: 0-63 m



- 3) Enter distance for location of an external GPS antenna (if connected) similar to how you did for the internal GPS antenna.
7. Click the down-arrow button for Ship Type to show the operation window, and then choose a ship type. (WIG: Wing in ground, HSC: High speed craft)

1 reserved for future use
2 WIG
3 Vessel
4 HSC
5 Special craft
6 Passenger ships
7 Cargo ships
8 Tanker(s)
9 Other types of ship
10 Reserved for regional use
11 Reserved for regional use
12 Reserved for regional use
13 Reserved for regional use
14 Reserved for regional use
15 Reserved for regional use
16 Reserved for regional use
17 Reserved for regional use
18 Reserved for regional use
19 Reserved for regional use
20 Reserved for future use
21 Reserved for future use
22 Reserved for future use
23 Reserved for future use
24 Reserved for future use
25 Reserved for future use

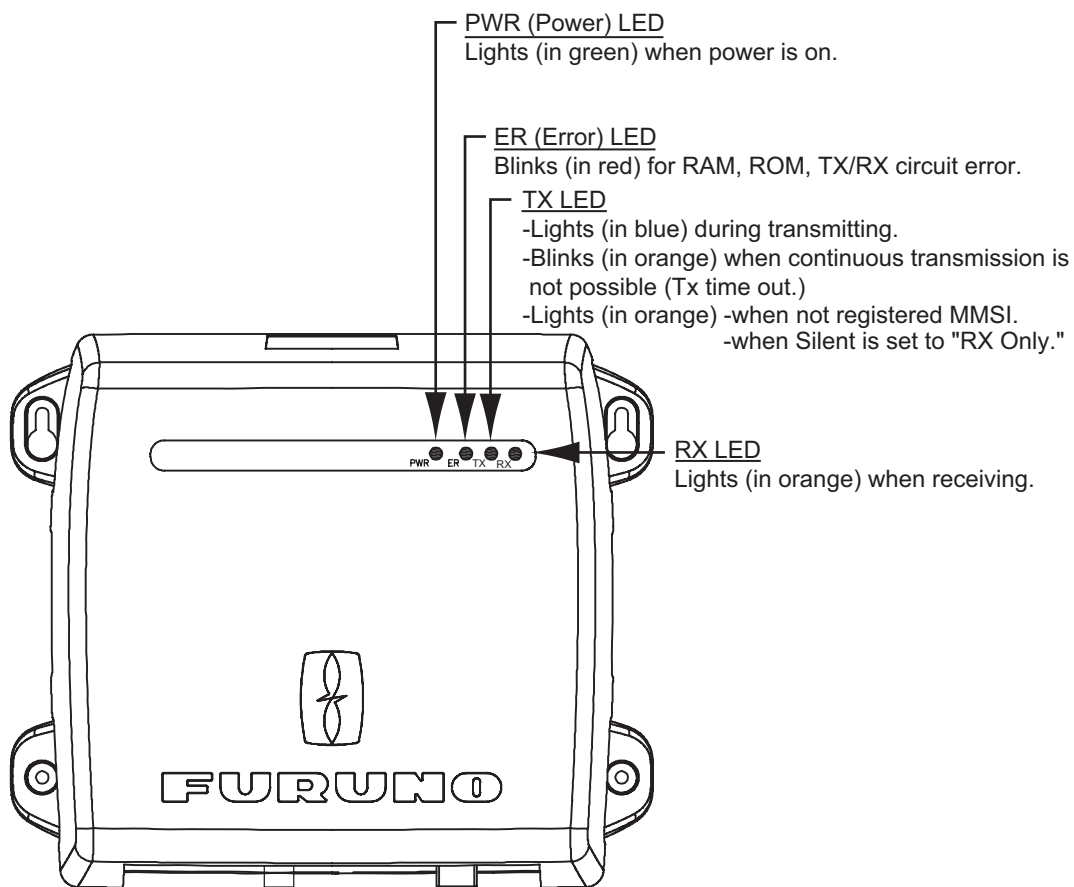
10 to 19: Reserved for regional use  
1, 20 to 25: Reserved for future use

8. After finishing all settings, click the OK button.

## 2. OPERATION

### 2.1 AIS Transponder FA-50

The FA-50 has no power switch. Power is fed from the ship's switchboard, and a power switch on the switchboard turns the FA-50 on or off. When powered, the PWR LED (green) on the cover lights. The three other LEDs on the cover blink or light with equipment state. The ER LED (red) lights while the equipment is being initialized, and blinks when equipment error is found. The RX LED (orange) lights when receiving. The TX LED lights in blue when transmitting, and blinks in orange when TX time out occurs.



#### **Receiving messages**

You may receive messages via the VHF link to a specified destination (MMSI) or all ships in the area.

The contents of the message may be viewed on the received message log.

## 2.2 RX Message Log

You can confirm the received messages on the RX Message Log screen. Click RX Message Log on the main menu.

Click Detail to show the full message.

FA-50/RX Message Log								
page(2/2)>>								
No	Date	Time	MSG	CH	MMSI	Text		Flag
1	26/OCT/2011	03:58	14	A	889999988	TURN RIGHT	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
2	26/OCT/2011	03:58	14	B	889999988	TURN RIGHT	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
3	26/OCT/2011	03:58	12	B	889999988	TURN RIGHT	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
4	26/OCT/2011	03:57	8	A	889999988	TURN RIGHT	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
5	26/OCT/2011	03:54	8	B	889999988	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
6	26/OCT/2011	03:54	8	A	889999988	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Not Read
7	26/OCT/2011	03:54	8	B	999999999	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
8	26/OCT/2011	03:53	8	A	999999999	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Read
9	26/OCT/2011	03:53	12	B	999999999	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Not Read
10	26/OCT/2011	03:52	14	A	999999999	ANCHOR	<a href="#">Detail</a>	Not Read
<div> Message 8 = Broadcast Normal 12 = Addressed Safety 14 = Broadcast Safety </div>								
<<Top Menu								
FURUNO								

Message category:

- Message 8: Received routine messages
- Message 12: Received safety messages from specific party
- Message 14: Received safety messages

To change the page, click <<Page (x/x). Flag field shows Read or “Not Read” for each message received.

## 2.3 Own Vessel Data Display

The Own Vessel Data display shows your ship's various data.

1. Show the main menu.
2. Click Own Vessel Data.

FA-50/Own Vessel Data

Own Static	
MMSI	123456789
Ship Name	TAKA MARU
Call Sign	GH1234
Internal Antenna Position	A 100 m B 25 m C 15 m D 20 m
External Antenna Position	A 100 m B 25 m C 25 m D 10 m
Ship Type	6 Passenger ships
Cargo Type	4 Carrying DG, HS, or MP, IMO hazard or pollutant category D

Cargo Type Edit

View Channel	
RX1	CH.2087(International)
RX2	CH.2088(International)
Power	0W(Manual)

Region List

Group Assignment

<<Top Menu

FURUNO

MMSI: Nine-digit number

Ship Name: 20 characters, max

Call sign: 7 characters, max.

Internal/External Antenna Position: Shows GPS and external GPS antenna positions.

Ship Type

Cargo Type

RX1: Channel (four digits) received over RX1. Channel type (International, Local) is shown in parentheses.

RX2: Channel (four digits) received over RX2. Channel type (International, Local) is shown in parentheses.

Power: Shows the power (2W)

3. Cargo Type can be selected as below.

## 2. OPERATION

4. Choose a type, and then click the OK button.

### FA-50/Cargo Type

<<Own Vessel Data

Cargo Type	7 Reserved for future use
	0 All ships of this type
	1 Carrying DG, HS, or MP, IMO hazard or pollutant category X
	2 Carrying DG, HS, or MP, IMO hazard or pollutant category Y
	3 Carrying DG, HS, or MP, IMO hazard or pollutant category Z
	4 Carrying DG, HS, or MP, IMO hazard or pollutant category OS
	5 Reserved for future use
	6 Reserved for future use
	7 Reserved for future use
	8 Reserved for future use
	9 No additional information

5. Click the Cargo Type Edit button to show the Cargo Type screen.
6. Select a Cargo Type from the drop down list and click OK.
7. Click Region List button to show the local sea area. Clicking the Detail button shows the detailed information of the region.

### FA-50/Region Detail

No	1
Time	15/NOV/2007 04:32
Lat NE	35-00.0',N
Lon NE	136-00.0',E
Lat SW	34-00.0',N
Lon SW	135-00.0',E
Ch.A/Band	2088 / Default
Ch.B/Band	2087 / Default
TRX Mode	TxA / TxB , RxA / RxB
Zone / Power	6 nm/ 2W
Enter	MSG22

<<Region List

8. Click <<Region List, <<Own Vessel Data in order to return to Own Vessel Data window.

9. Click the Group Assignment button to show the Group Assignment window. This window shows the following list when receiving a group assignment message via VHF, own ship is cruising in the area specified on the message.

FA-50/Group Assignment			
Assigned Mode		Quiet Mode	
Last Time	7 min	Last Time	3 min
Lat NE	35-00.0000',N	Lat NE	35-00.0000',N
Lon NE	136-00.0000',E	Lon NE	136-00.0000',E
Lat SW	34-00.0000',N	Lat SW	34-00.0000',N
Lon SW	135-00.0000',E	Lon SW	135-00.0000',E
Report Interval	5 sec		
TRX Mode	TxA / TxB , RxA / RxB		
Own Vessel Data			
FURUNO			

Assigned mode: Own ship's data is sent automatically with the designated interval in the specified area.

Quiet mode: Transmission is not available in the specified area.

10. Click <<Own Vessel Data, <<Top Menu to go back to the top menu.

## 2.4 Alarm Status

The alarm status log shows alarms violated. Click “Alarm Status” on the top menu to show the alarm status log.

**FA-50/Alarm Status**

Type	UTC	Description
Nothing Data		

[<<Top Menu](#)

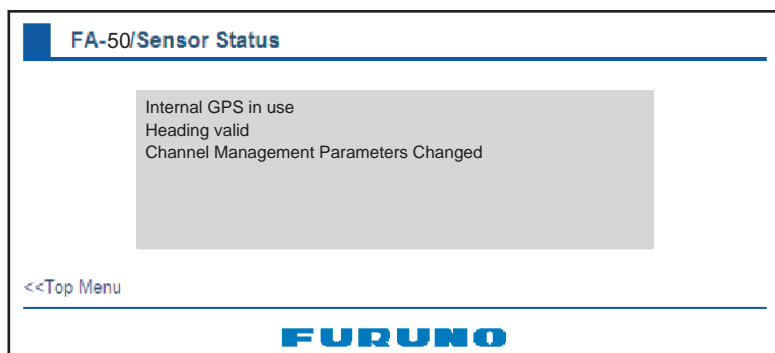
Alarm Status Indication	Meaning
TX	TX malfunction (and Error LED lights.)
RX1	TDMA RX1 Board trouble. TX stopped on corresponding TX channel.
RX2	TDMA RX2 Board trouble. TX stopped on corresponding TX channel.
COG	Invalid COG data.
EPFS	No data from external navigator. Continued operation possible.
HDG	Invalid/nonexistent HDG data
L/L	No L/L data
SOG	Invalid SOG data



## 2.5 Sensor Status

The sensor status display provides information about sensors connected to the FA-50.

1. Show Top Menu.
2. Click Sensor Status.



Indication	Meaning	Remarks
DGPS in use (Internal/External)	DGPS currently in use	See *1.
GPS in use (Internal/External)	GPS currently in use	
SOG/COG in use (Internal/External)	SOG/COG currently in use	
Heading valid	Valid heading data	
Channel Management Parameters Changed	Channel parameters have been changed.	See *2.

\*1: Whichever navigator is in use.

\*2: Displayed for 30 seconds after changing channel parameters.

## 2.6 TX Power

You can select the TX Power when Ship type is set for "8 Tanker(s)".

1. Show top menu.
2. Click TX Power.



3. Click the TX Power drop-down list and select the TX Power.  
The TX Power of "Normal" is 2 W.
4. Click the OK button.

## 2.7 Silent

You can set your AIS transponder for receiving function only with the external silent switch (local supply, see section 1.7). To confirm the current setting, do the following:

1. Show top menu.
2. Click Silent to show the Silent screen.
3. Confirm that the current setting, “Normal (both of TX and RX)” or “RX Only”.



Silent screen (Normal)





Silent screen (RX Only)

**Note:** This mode is available only for ships that are not required to carry a class B transponder.

### 3. MAINTENANCE, TROUBLESHOOTING

---

**WARNING**



Do not open the shield cover unless totally familiar with electrical circuits and service manual.

Only qualified personnel should work inside the equipment.

**NOTICE**

Do not apply paint, anti-corrosive sealant or contact spray to coating or plastic parts of the equipment.

Those items contain organic solvents that can damage coating and plastic parts, especially plastic connectors.

#### 3.1 Maintenance

Regular maintenance helps good performance. Check the items listed below monthly to keep your equipment in good working order.

Item	Check point, remedy
Wiring	Check that each cable and wire are securely fastened. Refasten if necessary.
Ground	Check grounding for rust. Clean if necessary.
Antenna	Check antenna and its cabling for damage. Replace if necessary.
Cabinet	Dust and dirt should be removed from the cabinet with a soft, dry cloth. Do not use chemical-based cleaners; they can remove paint and markings.

## 3.2 Replacing the Fuse

The fuse (4A) inside the FA-50 protects it from overcurrent and equipment fault. If the unit cannot be powered, that is, the PWR (power) LED is off, the fuse may have blown. If this happens, turn off the power to the FA-50, open the body cover and check the fuse. If the fuse has blown, find out the reason before replacing it. If it blows again after replacement, contact a FURUNO agent or dealer for advice.

Part	Type	Code No.
Fuse (4A)	FGMB 125V 4A PBF	000-157-482-10



### WARNING

**Use the proper fuse.**

Use of a wrong fuse can result in damage to the equipment and cause fire.

## 3.3 Troubleshooting

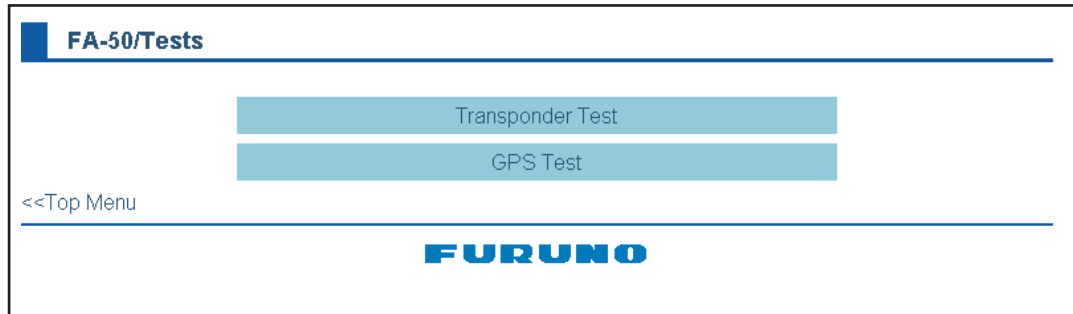
The troubleshooting table below provides typical operating problems and the means to restore normal operation. If you cannot restore normal operation, do not open the shield cover; there are no user serviceable parts inside the transponder.

Symptom	Problem	Remedy
Transponder cannot be powered.	Fuse inside the transponder may have blown.	Replace the fuse.
Cannot transmit/receive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VHF antenna cable connection may have loosened.</li> <li>Antenna or its cabling may be damaged.</li> <li>Rx channel setting is wrong.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check if the cable is firmly connected.</li> <li>Check the antenna and its cabling for damage.</li> <li>Confirm the channel setting.</li> </ul>
The message is sent to wrong ship.	Setting of transmission is not correct.	Confirm MMSI.
No position data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPS antenna may be damaged.</li> <li>GPS antenna cable may be damaged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change the GPS antenna.</li> <li>Check if the cable is firmly fastened. If the cable has damage, change it.</li> </ul>

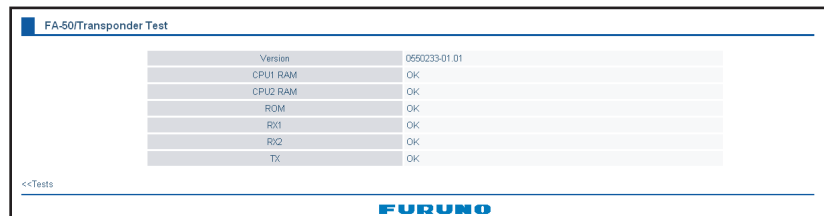
## 3.4 Diagnostics

The built-in diagnostic facility displays program version no. and TX text, then checks RAM, ROM, RX channels and GPS antenna for proper operation.

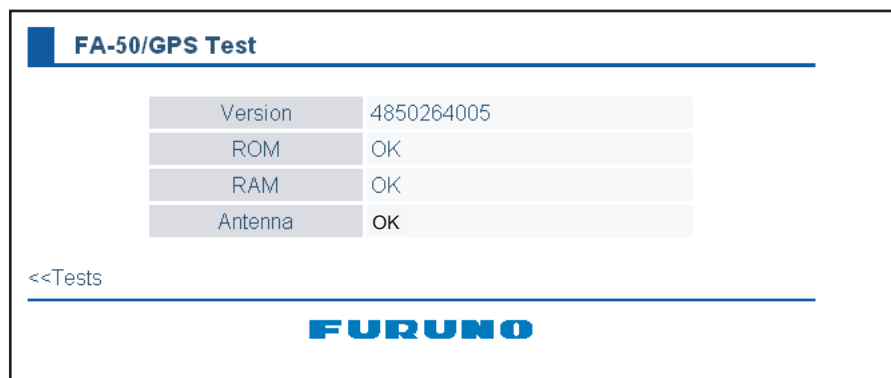
1. Open Internet Explorer and display the main menu.
2. Click Tests to show the Tests display.



3. Click "Transponder Test" or "GPS Test" to show the appropriate test screen.  
**Transponder Test:** The program version number appears on the first line. The CPU1 RAM and CPU2 RAM, ROM and the two RX channels and TX are checked for proper operation, and the results are displayed as OK or NG (No Good). For any NG, try resetting the power and checking connections. If NG persists, contact your dealer for advice.  
**GPS Test:** The program version number appears on the first line. The ROM, RAM and connection with antenna (including power line), and the results are displayed as OK or NG (No Good). For any NG, try resetting the power and checking connections. If NG persists, contact your dealer for advice.



*Transponder test*



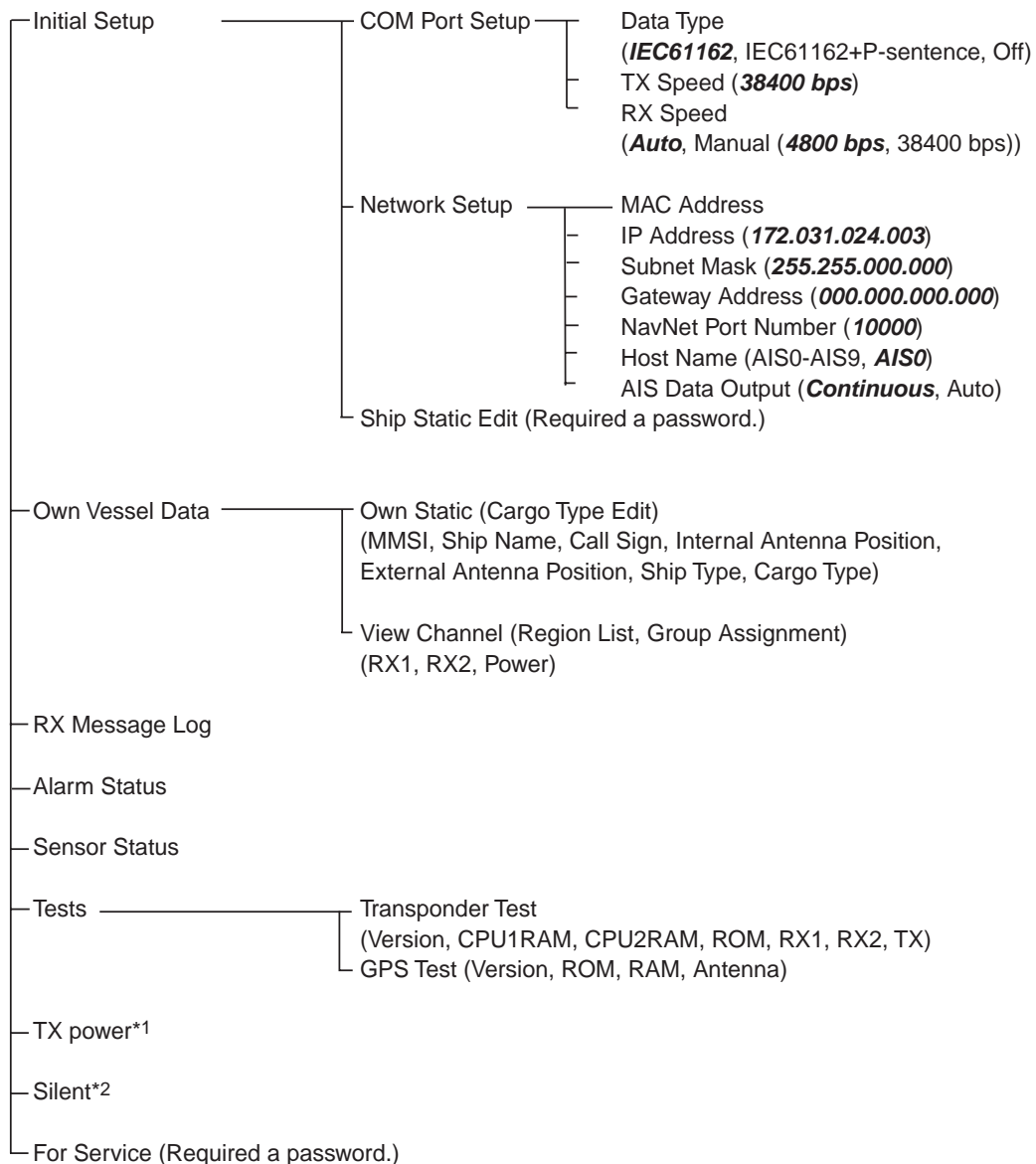
*GPS test*

## 3.5 List of Terms

The following table shows the terms used in FA-50.

Terms	Meaning
COM	Communication
TX	Transmit
RX	Receive
MMSI	Maritime Mobile Service Identity
AIS	Automatic Identification System
GPS	Global Positioning System
ZDA	Time and date

# APPENDIX 1 MENU TREE



\*1: Available when Ship Type is set for "8 Tanker(s)".

\*2: Available only for ships that are not required to carry a class B transponder.

**bold:** default

# APPENDIX 2 VHF CHANNEL LISTS

---

## USA mode

Ch No.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch No.	Frequency (MHz)
1001	156.05	1088	157.425
-	-	2001	160.65
1003	156.15	2002	160.7
-	-	2003	160.75
1005	156.25	2004	160.8
6	156.3	2005	160.85
1007	156.35	2007	160.95
1018	156.9	8	156.4
1019	156.95	9	156.45
1020	157	10	156.5
1021	157.05	11	156.6
1022	157.1	12	156.6
1023	157.15	13	156.65
1024	157.2	14	156.7
1025	157.25	15	156.75
1026	157.3	16	156.8
1027	157.35	17	156.85
1028	157.4	2018	161.5
-	-	2019	161.55
1061	156.07	2020	161.6
-	-	2021	161.65
1063	156.175	2022	161.7
1064	156.225	2023	161.75
1065	156.275	2024	161.8
1066	156.325	2025	161.85
67	156.375	2026	161.9
68	156.425	2027	161.95
69	156.475	2028	162
70	156.525	2060	160.625
71	156.575	2061	160.675
72	156.625	2062	160.725
73	156.675	2063	160.775
74	156.725	2064	160.825
75	156.775	2065	160.875
76	156.825	2066	160.925
77	156.875	2078	161.525
1078	156.925	2079	161.575
1079	156.975	2080	161.625
1080	157.025	2081	161.675
1081	157.075	2082	161.725
1082	157.125	2083	161.775
1083	157.175	2084	161.825
1084	157.225	2085	161.875



International mode

Ch No.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch No.	Frequency (MHz)
1001	156.05	1088	157.425
1002	156.1	2001	160.65
1003	156.15	2002	160.7
1004	156.2	2003	160.75
1005	156.25	2004	160.8
6	156.3	2005	160.85
1007	156.35	2007	160.95
1018	156.9	8	156.4
1019	156.95	9	156.45
1020	157	10	156.5
1021	157.05	11	156.55
1022	157.1	12	156.6
1023	157.15	13	156.65
1024	157.2	14	156.7
1025	157.25	15	156.75
1026	157.3	16	156.8
1027	157.35	17	156.85
1028	157.4	2018	161.5
1060	156.025	2019	161.55
1061	156.075	2020	161.6
1062	156.125	2021	161.65
1063	156.175	2022	161.7
1064	156.225	2023	161.75
1065	156.275	2024	161.8
1066	156.325	2025	161.85
67	156.375	2026	161.9
68	156.425	2027	161.95
69	156.475	2028	162
70	156.525	2060	160.625
71	156.575	2061	160.675
72	156.625	2062	160.675
73	156.675	2063	160.775
74	156.725	2064	160.825
75	156.775	2065	160.875
76	156.825	2066	160.925
77	156.875	2078	161.525
1078	156.925	2079	161.575
1079	156.975	2080	161.625
1080	157.025	2081	161.675
1081	157.075	2082	161.725
1082	157.125	2083	161.775
1083	157.175	2084	161.825
1084	157.225	2085	161.875
1085	157.275	2086	161.925
1086	157.325	2087	161.975
1087	157.375	2088	162.025

CH13, 67: operate on 1W.

# APPENDIX 3 PARTS LIST, LOCATIONS

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Parts lists

<b>F U R U N O</b>  <b>ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST</b>	Model	FA-50	
	Unit	Tranponder	
	Blk.No.		
NAME		TYPE	CODE NO.
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD			
MAIN&TX		05P0814	001-034-470
POWER		05P0809	001-034-460
RX1		05P0808A	001-015-620
RX2		05P0808B	001-015-630
GPS TB		24P0043	005-955-290

## Parts location

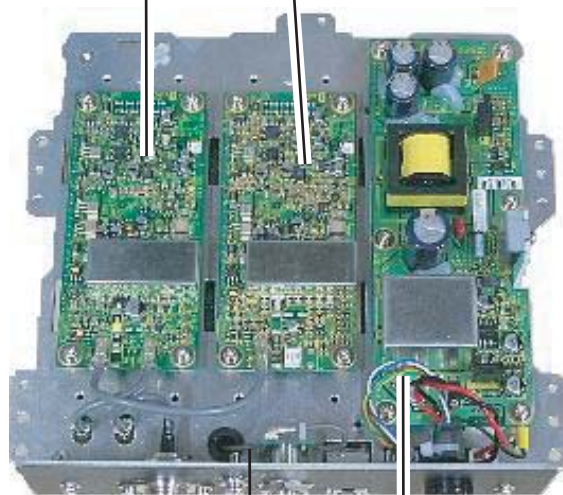
### Transponder

MAIN&TX Board  
05P0814



RX1 Board  
05P0808A

RX2 Board  
05P0808B



GPS TB  
24P0043

POWER Board  
05P0809

# APPENDIX 4 DIGITAL INTERFACE

---

## Sentence data

### Input sentences

ACK, AIQ, BBM, DSC, DSE, DTM, GBS, GGA, GLL, GNS, HDT, OSD, RMC, SSD, THS, VBW, VSD, VTG

### Output sentences

ABK, ACA, ACS, ALR, TXT, VDM, VDO

Transmission interval ABK: With each event

ACA, ACS: At RX/Switch information the region

ALR: 25 s during alarm, 2 min normally no alarm

TXT: Status is changed. VDM: At RX VHF VDO: 1 s

### Load requirements as listener

Isolation: opto coupler

Input Impedance: 470 ohms

Max. Voltage:  $\pm 15$  V

Threshold: 3 mA (In case of FURUNO device talker connection)

### Output drive capability

Differential driver output  $R=54$  ohm, 1.1 V min  $R=60$  ohm, 1.1 V min Driver short-circuit current: 250

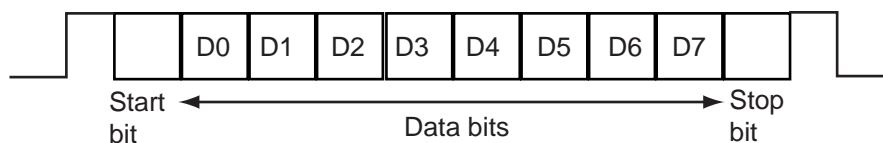
mA max. Data transmission Data format and protocol are transmitted in serial asynchronous form in accordance with the standard referenced in 2.1 of IEC 61162-1. The first bit is a start bit and is followed by data bits, least-significant-bit as illustrated below.

The following parameters are used:

Baud rate: 38.4 Kbps

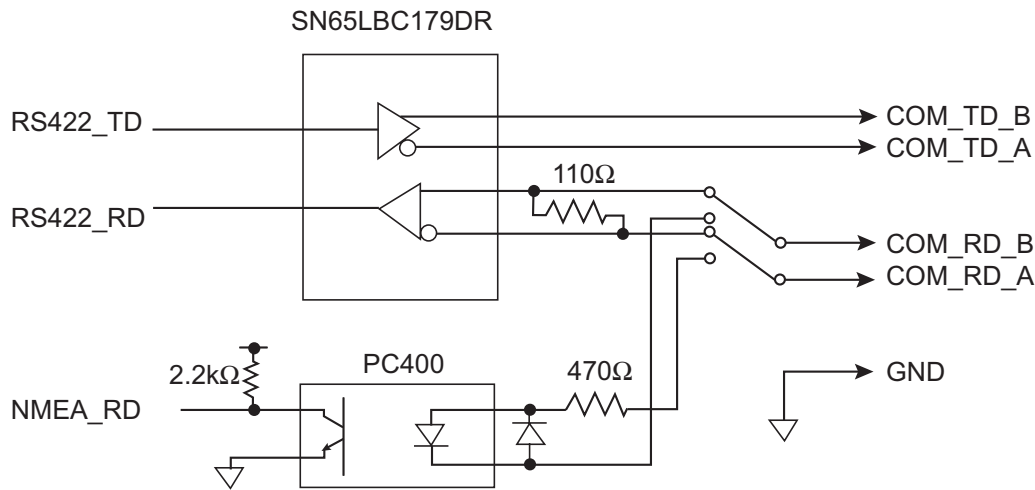
Data bits: 8 (D7=0), parity none

Stop bits: 1



Serial interface I/O circuit

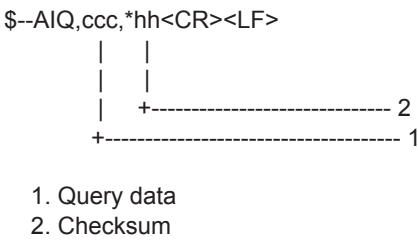
Input/Output Buffer



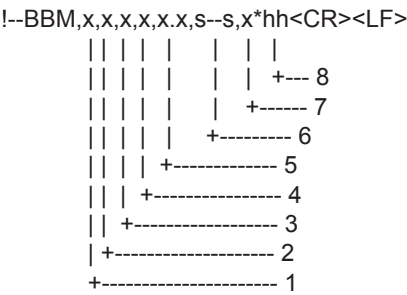
Sentence description

Input sentences

AIQ-AOIS query



BBM-AIS broadcast binary message

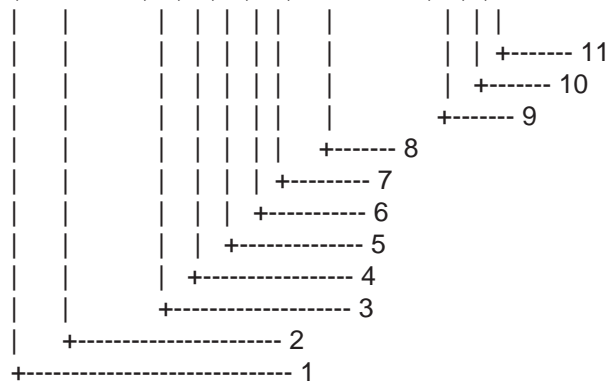


1. Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9
2. Message sentence number, 1 to 9
3. Sequential Message identifier, 0 to 9
4. AIS channel for broadcast of the radio message
5. VDL message number(8 or 14), see ITU-R M.1371
6. Binary data
7. Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5
8. Checksum

## APPENDIX 4 DIGITAL INTERFACE

### DSC-Digital selective calling information

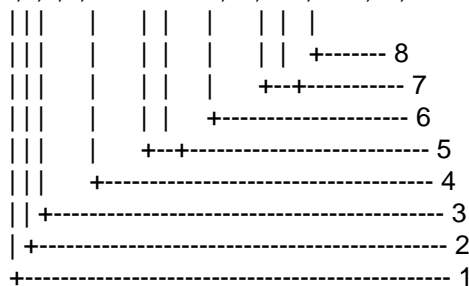
-DSC,xx,xxxxxxxxxx,xx,xx,xx,x.x,xxxxxxxxxx,xx,a,a\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Format Specifier
2. Address
3. Category
4. Nature of Distress or First Telecommand
5. Type of Communication or Second Telecommand
6. Position
7. Time
8. MMSI of ship in distress
9. Nature of distress
10. Acknowledgement
11. Expansion indicator

### DSE-Expanded digital selective calling

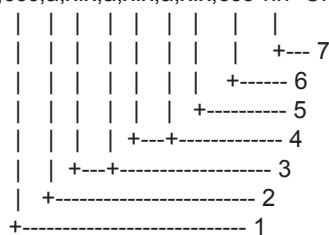
\$--DSE,x,x,a,xxxxxxxxxx,xx,c-c,.....,xx,c-c\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Total number of messages
2. Message number
3. Query/reply flag
4. Vessel MMSI
5. Data set '1'
6. Additional data sets
7. Data set 'n'
8. Checksum

### DTM-Datum reference

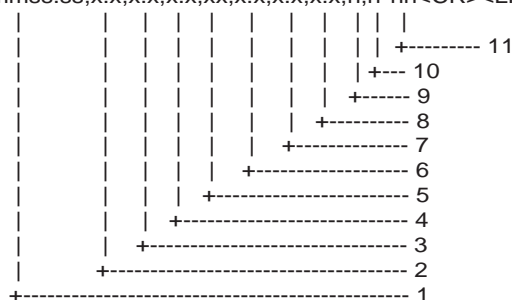
\$--DTM,ccc,a,x.x,a,x.x,a,x.x,ccc\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Local datum W84 - WGS84  
W72 - WGS72  
S85 - SGS85  
P90 - PE90  
999 - User defined  
IHO datum code
2. Not used
3. Lat offset, min, N/S
4. Lon offset, min, E/W
5. Not used
6. Reference datum W84 - WGS84  
W72 - WGS72  
S85 - SGS85  
P90 - PE90
7. Checksum

## GBS-GNSS satellite fault direction

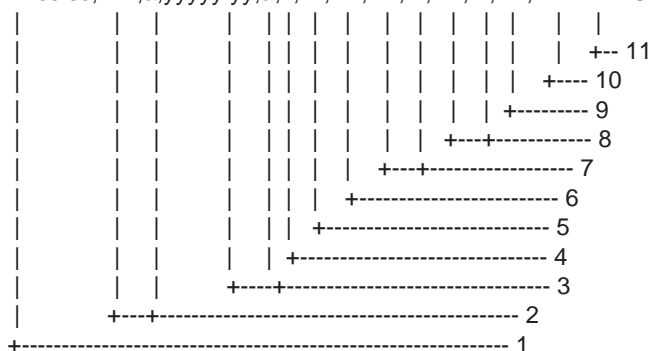
```
$--GBS,hhmmss.ss,x.x,x.x,x.x,xx,x.x,x.x,x.x,h,h*hh<CR><LF>
```



1. Not used
2. Expected error in latitude
3. Expected error in longitude
4. Not used
5. Not used
6. Not used
7. Not used
8. Not used
9. GNSS System ID
10. GNSS Signal ID
11. Checksum

### GGA-Global positioning system (GPS) fix data

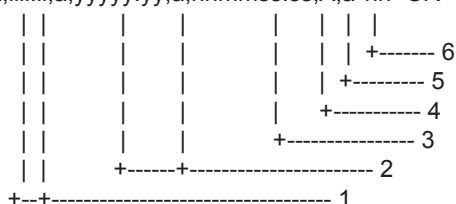
```
$--GGA,hhmmss.ss,IIII.II,a,yyyyy.vv,a,x,xx,x.x.x.x,M,x.x,M,x.x,xxxx*hh<CR><LF>
```



1. Not used
2. Latitude, N/S
3. Longitude, E/W
4. GPS quality indicator
5. Not used
6. Not used
7. Not used
8. Not used
9. Not used
10. Not used
11. Checksum

GLL-Geographic position-latitude/longitude

```
$--GLL,IIII.II,a,vyvvv.vy,a,hhmmss.ss,A,a*hh<CR><LF>
```



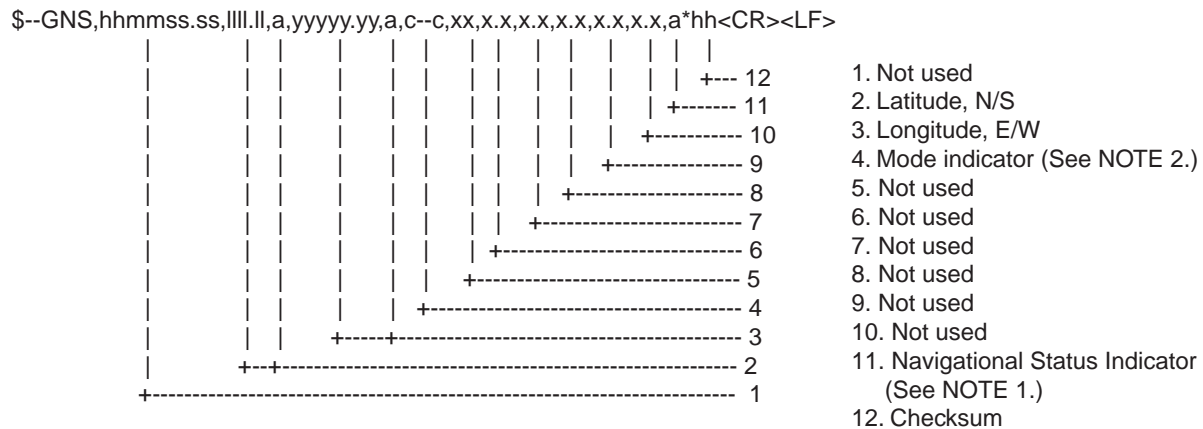
1. Latitude, N/S
2. Longitude, E/W
3. Not used
4. Status: A=data valid, V=data invalid (See NOTE 1.)
5. Mode indicator (See NOTE 2.)
6. Checksum

NOTE 1: The Mode indicator field supplements the status field (field 6). The status field should be set to V = invalid for all values of operating mode except for A = Autonomous and D = Differential. The positioning system Mode indicator and status fields should not be null fields.

NOTE 2: Positioning system Mode indicator:

A = Autonomous  
D = Differential  
E = Estimated (dead reckoning)  
M = Manual input  
S = Simulator  
N = Data not valid

## GNS-GNSS fix data



NOTE 1: Mode indicator. A variable length valid character field type with the first three characters currently defined. The first character indicates the use of GPS satellites, the second character indicates the use of GLONASS satellites and the third indicates the use of Galileo satellites. If another satellite system is added to the standard, the Mode indicator will be extended to four characters. New satellite systems should always be added on the right, so the order of characters in the Mode indicator is: GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, other satellite systems in the future. The characters should take one of the following values:

A = Autonomous. Satellite system used in non-differential mode in position fix

D = Differential. Satellite system used in differential mode in position fix

E = Estimated (dead reckoning) mode

F = Float RTK. Satellite system used in real time kinematic mode with floating integers

M = Manual input mode

N = No fix. Satellite system not used in position fix, or fix not valid

P = Precise. Satellite system used in precision mode. Precision mode is defined as: no deliberate degradation (such as selective availability) and higher resolution code (P-code) is used to compute position fix. P is also used for satellite system used in multi-frequency, SBAS or Precise Point Positioning (PPP) mode.

R = Real Time Kinematic. Satellite system used in RTK mode with fixed integers

S = Simulator mode

The Mode indicator should not be a null field.

NOTE 2: The navigational status indicator is according to IEC 61108 requirements on 'Navigational (or Failure) warnings and status indications'. This field should not be a NULL field and the character should take one of the following values:

S = Safe When the estimated positioning accuracy (95 % confidence) is within the selected accuracy level corresponding to the actual navigation mode, and integrity is available and within the requirements for the actual navigation mode, and a new valid position has been calculated within 1 s for a conventional craft and 0.5 s for a high speed craft.

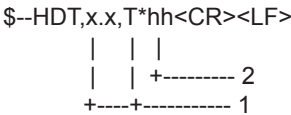
C = Caution When integrity is not available

U = Unsafe When the estimated positioning accuracy (95 % confidence) is less than the selected accuracy level corresponding to the actual navigation mode, and/or integrity is available but exceeds the requirements for the actual navigation mode, and/or a new valid position has not been calculated within 1 s for a conventional craft and 0.5 s for a high speed craft.

V = Navigational status not valid, equipment is not providing navigational status indication.

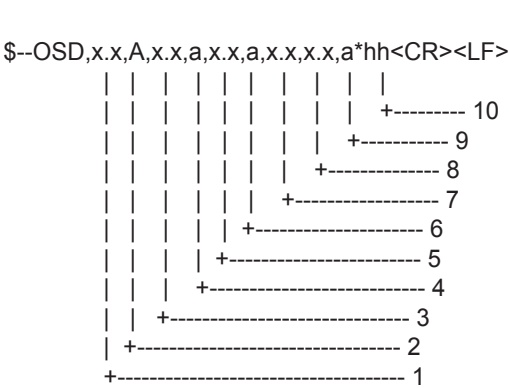


HDT-Heading true



- 1. Heading, degrees true
- 2. Checksum

OSD-Own ship data



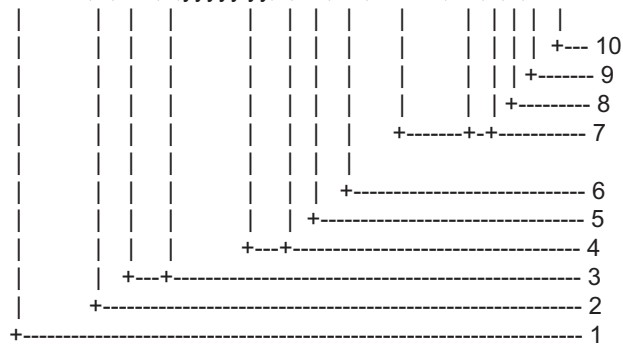
- 1. Heading, degrees true
- 2. Heading status: A=data valid, V=data invalid
- 3. Vessel course, degrees true
- 4. Course reference, B/M/W/R/P(see NOTE)
- 5. Vessel speed
- 6. Speed reference, B/M/W/R/P(see NOTE)
- 7. Not used
- 8. Not used
- 9. Speed units, K(km/h) / N(Knots) / S(statute miles/h)
- 10. Checksum

NOTES - Reference systems(speed/course):

- B = bottom tracking log
- M = manually entered
- W = water referenced
- R = radar tracking(of fixed target)
- P = positioning system ground reference

## RMC-Recommended minimum specific GNSS data

\$--RMC,hhmmss.ss,A,IIII.II,a,yyyy.yy,a,x.x,x.x,xxxxxx,x.x,a,a\*hh<CR><LF>



1. UTC of position fix
2. Status: A=data valid,  
V=navigation receiver warning  
(See NOTE 1.)
3. Latitude, N/S
4. Longitude, E/W
5. Speed over ground, knots
6. Course over ground, degrees true
7. Not used
8. Mode indicator  
(See NOTE 2 and 3.)
9. Navigational Status Indicator
10. Checksum

NOTE 1: The navigational status indicator is according to IEC 61108 requirements on 'Navigational (or Failure) warnings and status indications'. This field should not be a NULL field and the character should take one of the following values:

- S = Safe      When the estimated positioning accuracy (95 % confidence) is within the selected accuracy level corresponding to the actual navigation mode, and/or integrity is available and within the requirements for the actual navigation mode, and/or a new valid position has been calculated within 1 s for a conventional craft and 0.5 s for a high speed craft.
- C = Caution      When integrity is not available
- U = Unsafe      When the estimated positioning accuracy (95 % confidence) is less than the selected accuracy level corresponding to the actual navigation mode, and/or integrity is available but exceeds the requirements for the actual navigation mode, and/or a new valid position has not been calculated within 1 s for a conventional craft and 0.5 s for a high speed craft.

V = Navigational status not valid, equipment is not providing navigational status indication.

NOTE 2: Positioning system Mode indicator;

- A = Autonomous. Satellite system used in non-differential mode in position fix
- D = Differential. Satellite system used in differential mode in position fix
- E = Estimated (dead reckoning) mode
- F = Float RTK. Satellite system used in real time kinematic mode with floating integers
- M = Manual input mode
- N = No fix. Satellite system not used in position fix, or fix not valid
- P = Precise. Satellite system used in precision mode. Precision mode is defined as: no deliberate degradation (such as selective availability) and higher resolution code (P-code) is used to compute position fix. P is also used for satellite system used in multi-frequency, SBAS or Precise Point Positioning (PPP) mode.
- R = Real time kinematic. Satellite system used in RTK mode with fixed integers
- S = Simulator mode

NOTE 3: The positioning system Mode indicator field supplements the positioning system status field, the status field should not be set to V = Invalid for all values of Indicator mode except for A = Autonomous and D = Differential. The positioning system Mode indicator and status fields should not be null fields.

## SSD-AIS ship static data

\$--SSD,c--c,c--c,xxx,xxx,xx,xx,c, aa\*hh<CR><LF>

```

| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | +---9
| | | | | | | | | | +---8
| | | | | | | | | | +---7
| | | | | | | | | | +---6
| | | | | | | | | | +---5
| | | | | | | | | | +---4
| | | | | | | | | | +---3
| | | | | | | | | | +---2
| | | | | | | | | | +---1

```

1. Ship's Call Sign, 1 to 7 characters
2. Ship's Name, 1 to 20 characters
3. Pos. ref. point distance, "A," from bow, 0 to 511 Meters
4. Pos. ref. point distance, "B," from stern, 0 to 511 Meters
5. Pos. ref. point distance, "C," from port beam, 0 to 63 Meters
6. Pos. ref. point distance, "D," from starboard beam, 0 to 63 Meters
7. DTE indicator flag
8. Not used
9. Checksum

## THS-True heading and status

\$--THS,x.x,a\*hh<CR><LF>

```

| |
| | +----- 2
+----- 1

```

1. Heading, degrees true
2. Mode indicator (See NOTE.)

NOTE: Mode indicator. This field should not be null.

A = Autonomous  
 E = Estimated (dead reckoning)  
 M = Manual input  
 S = Simulator mode  
 V = Data not valid (including standby)

## VBW-Dual ground/water speed

\$--VBW,x.x,x.x,A,x.x,x.x,A,x.x,A,x.x,A\*hh<CR><LF>

```

| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---11
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---10
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---9
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---8
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---7
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---6
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---5
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---4
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---3
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---2
| | | | | | | | | | | | +---1

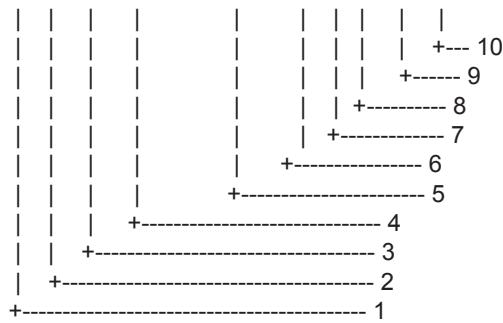
```

1. Not used
2. Not used
3. Not used
4. Longitudinal ground speed, knots
5. Transverse ground speed, knots
6. Status: ground speed, A=data valid V=data invalid
7. Not used
8. Not used
9. Not used
10. Not used
11. Checksum

## APPENDIX 4 DIGITAL INTERFACE

### VSD-AIS voyage static data

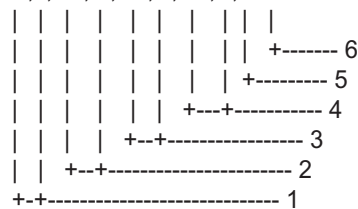
\$--VSD,x.x,x.x,x.x,c--c,hhmmss.ss,xx,xx,x.x,x.x\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Type of ship and cargo category, 0 to 255
2. Maximum present static draught, 0 to 25.5 Meters
3. Persons on-board, 0 to 8191
4. Destination, 1-20 characters
5. Estimated UTC of arrival at destination
6. Estimated day of arrival at destination, 00 to 31(UTC)
7. Estimated month of arrival at destination, 00 to 12(UTC)
8. Navigational status, 0 to 15
9. Regional application flags, 0 to 15
10. Checksum

### VTG-Course over ground and ground speed

\$--VTG,x.x,T,x.x,M,x.x,N,x.x,K,a\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Course over ground, degrees true
2. Not used
3. Speed over ground, knots
4. Speed over ground, km/h
5. Mode indicator (See NOTE.)
6. Checksum

NOTE : The Mode indicator provides status information about the operation of the source device (such as positioning systems, velocity sensors, etc.) generating the sentence, and the validity of data being provided. the possible indications are as follows:

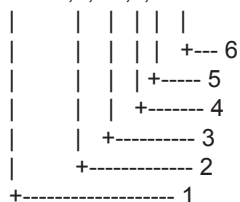
- A = Autonomous
- D = Differential
- E = Estimated (dead reckoning)
- M = Manual input
- P = Precise. Satellite system used in precision mode. Precision mode is defined as: no deliberate degradation (such as selective availability) and higher resolution code (P-code) is used to compute position fix. P is also used for satellite system used in multi-frequency, SBAS or Precise Point Positioning (PPP) mode.
- S = Simulator
- N = Data not valid

The Mode indicator field should not be a null field.

## Output sentences

## ABK-UAIS addressed and binary broadcast acknowledgement

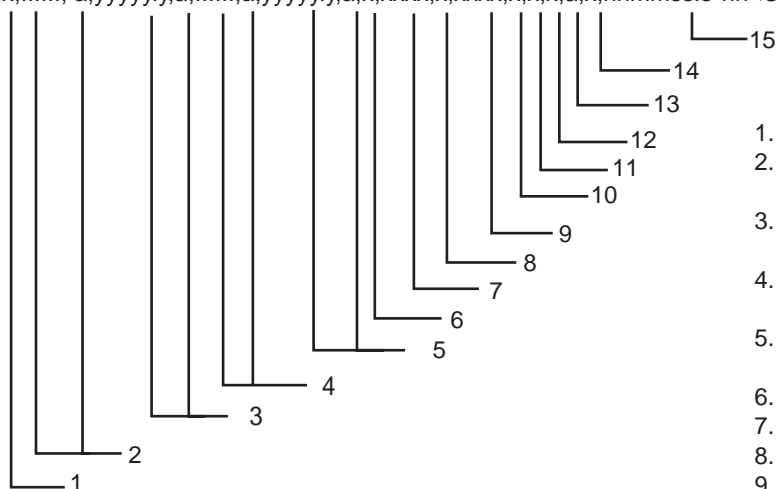
\$--ABK,xxxxxxxx,a,x,x,x,x\*hh<CR><LF>



1. MMSI of the addressed AIS unit
2. AIS channel of reception
3. Message type
4. Message sequence number
5. Type of acknowledgement
6. Checksum

## ACA-AIS channel assignment message

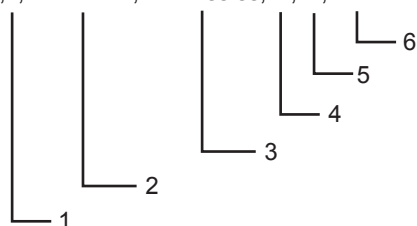
\$--ACA,x,IIII.I, a,yyyyy.y,a,IIII.I,a,yyyyy.y,a,x,xxxx,x,xxxx,x,x,x,a,x,hmmms.s\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Sequence number, 0 to 9
2. Region Northeast corner latitude  
- N/S
3. Region Northeast corner longitude  
- E/W
4. Region Southwest corner latitude  
- N/S
5. Region Southwest corner longitude  
- E/W
6. Transition Zone Size
7. Channel A
8. Channel A bandwidth
9. Channel B
10. Channel B bandwidth
11. Tx/Rx mode control
12. Power level control
13. Not used
14. In-use flag
15. Time of in-used change

## ACS-Channel management information source

\$--ACS,x,xxxxxxxx,hmmms.ss,xx,xx,xxxx\*hh<CR><LF>

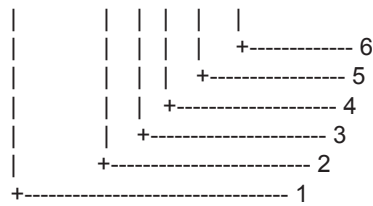


1. Sequence number, 0 to 9
2. MMSI of originator
3. UTC at receipt of regional operating settings
4. UTC day, 01- to 31
5. UTC month, 01 to 12
6. UTC year

## APPENDIX 4 DIGITAL INTERFACE

### ALR-Set alarm state

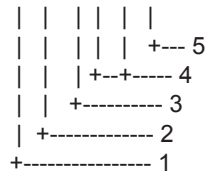
\$--ALR,hhmmss.ss,xxx,A,A,c--c\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Time of alarm condition change, UTC
2. Local alarm number(identifier)
3. Alarm condition(A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded)
4. Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged V=unacknowledged
5. Alarm's description text
6. Checksum

### TXT-Text transmission

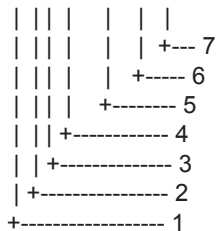
\$--TXT,xx,xx,xx,c--c\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Total number of message, 01 to 99
2. Message number, 01 to 99
3. Text identifier
4. Text Message
5. Checksum

### VDM-AIS VHF data-link message

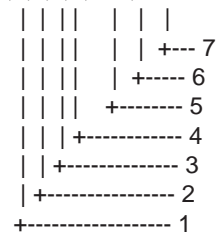
!--VDM,x,x,x,a,s--s,x\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9
2. Message sentence number, 1 to 9
3. Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9
4. AIS channel
5. Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message
6. Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5
7. Checksum

### VDO-AIS VHF data-link own vessel report

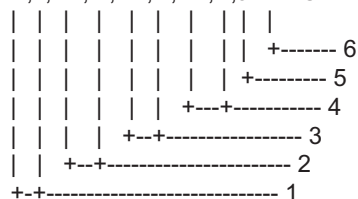
!--VDO,x,x,x,a,s--s,x\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9
2. Message sentence number, 1 to 9
3. Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9
4. AIS channel
5. Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message
6. Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5
7. Checksum

**VTG-Course over ground and ground speed**

\$--VTG,x.x,T,x.x,M,x.x,N,x.x,K,a\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Course over ground, degrees true
2. Not used
3. Speed over ground, knots
4. Speed over ground, km/h
5. Mode indicator (See NOTE.)
6. Checksum

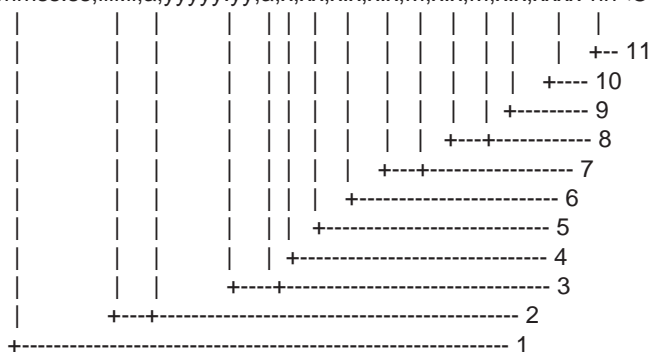
NOTE : The Mode indicator provides status information about the operation of the source device (such as positioning systems, velocity sensors, etc.) generating the sentence, and the validity of data being provided. the possible indications are as follows:

- A = Autonomous
- D = Differential
- E = Estimated (dead reckoning)
- M = Manual input
- P = Precise. Satellite system used in precision mode. Precision mode is defined as: no deliberate degradation (such as selective availability) and higher resolution code (P-code) is used to compute position fix. P is also used for satellite system used in multi-frequency, SBAS or Precise Point Positioning (PPP) mode.
- S = Simulator
- N = Data not valid

The Mode indicator field should not be a null field.

**GGA-Global positioning system (GPS) fix data**

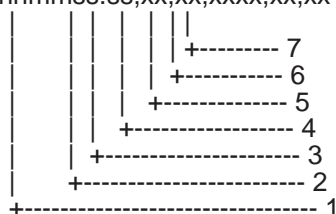
\$--GGA,hhmmss.ss,llll.ll,a,xx,xx,x.x,x.x,M,x.x,M,x.x,xxxx\*hh<CR><LF>



1. Not used
2. Latitude, N/S
3. Longitude, E/W
4. GPS quality indicator
5. Not used
6. Not used
7. Not used
8. Not used
9. Not used
10. Not used
11. Checksum

**ZDA-Time and date**

\$--ZDA,hhmmss.ss,xx,xx,xxxx,xx,xx\*hh<CR><LF>



1. UTC
2. Day, 01 to 31 (UTC)
3. Month, 01 to 12 (UTC)
4. Year (UTC)
5. Local zone hours, 00h to +-13h
6. Local zone minutes, 00 to +59 as local time
7. Checksum

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## SPECIFICATIONS OF CLASS B AIS TRANSPONDER FA-50

### 1 GENERAL

1.1	Type	Class B AIS Transponder
1.2	RX capacity	2250 report/minute, 1channel 4500 report/minute, 2channel
1.3	RX system	CSTDMA dual wave simultaneous reception
1.4	Synchronous framing	Indirect synchronize from external oscillator
1.5	Operating mode	Autonomous, Assigned, polled/interrogation response
1.6	Frequency switching	Automatic
1.7	Prevention of abnormal TX	Auto-suspend for detecting TX more than 1 second
1.8	Regulations	IMO MSC.140 (76), IEC 62287-1, ITU-R M.1371-2, DSC ITU R M.825-3, IEC 60945 ed.4 adopted

### 2 TRANSMITTER

2.1	Frequency range	156.025 MHz to 162.025 MHz (F1D)
2.2	Output power	1W/2W
2.3	Channel interval	25 kHz
2.4	Frequency deviation	±3 ppm or less
2.5	Transmit speed	9600 bps ± 50 ppm
2.6	Spurious Emission	9 kHz to 1 GHz, -36 dBm or less 1 GHz to 4 GHz, -30 dBm or less

### 3 AIS RECEIVER

3.1	Frequency range	156.025 MHz to 162.025 MHz (DSC: 156.525 MHz)
3.2	Oscillator frequency	1 <sup>st</sup> local oscillator: f + (51.136/51.236 MHz) 2 <sup>nd</sup> local oscillator: 51.1/51.2 MHz
3.3	Intermediate frequency	1 <sup>st</sup> : 51.136/51.236 MHz, 2 <sup>nd</sup> : 36 kHz
3.4	Receiving system	Double-conversion superheterodyne
3.5	Sensitivity	-107 dBm (PER 20% or less)
3.6	Error at high input level	-7 dBm
3.7	Co-channel rejection	10 dB
3.8	Adjacent channel selectivity	70 dB
3.9	Spurious response	70 dB (50 MHz to 520 MHz)
3.10	Inter-modulation	65 dB
3.11	Sensitivity suppression	86 dB (±5 MHz, ±10 MHz)

### 4 DSC RECEIVER (TIMESHARING SYSTEM)

4.1	Frequency	156.525 MHz (CH70)
4.2	Sensitivity	-107 dBm or less
4.3	Error at high input level	-7 dBm

- 4.4 Co-channel rejection 10 dB
- 4.5 Adjacent channel selectivity 70 dB
- 4.6 Spurious response 70 dB
- 4.7 Inter-modulation 65 dB
- 4.8 Sensitivity suppression 84 dB

## 4 GPS RECEIVER

- 4.1 Receiving frequency 1575.42 MHz
- 4.2 Tracking code C/A code
- 4.3 Number of channel 12 channels parallel, 12 satellites
- 4.4 Position fixing method All in view, 8-state Kalman filter
- 4.5 Position accuracy 10 m approx., 95% of the time, (HDOP  $\leq$  4)  
DGPS: 5m approx., 95% of the time
- 4.6 Tracking velocity 900 kts
- 4.7 Position fixing time Warm start: 36 s typical, Cold start: 43 s typical
- 4.8 Geoids WGS84
- 4.9 Position update interval 1 s
- 4.10 DGPS data correcting By AIS information

## 5 INTERFACE

- 5.1 COM I/O
  - Input: RS-422 (38.4kbps) / IEC61162-1 Ed.4 (2010-11)  
ACK, BBM, DTM, GBS, GGA, GLL, GNS, HDT, OSD, RMC, SSD, THS, VBW, VSD, VTG, AIQ, DSC, DSE, PFEC
  - Output: RS-422 (38.4kbps)  
ABK, ACA, ACS, ALR, VDM, VDO, TXT, PFEC
- 5.2 NETWORK
  - Input: Ethernet 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX  
ACK, BBM, DTM, GBS, GGA, GLL, GNS, HDT, OSD, RMC, SSD, THS, VBW, VSD, VTG, AIQ, DSC, DSE, PFEC
  - Output: ABK, ACA, ACS, ALR, GGA, VDM, VDO, VTG, ZDA, TXT, PFEC
- 5.3 Function alarm LED indication, series data output

## 6 POWER SUPPLY

12-24 VDC: 2.0-1.0 A

## 7 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- 7.1 Ambient temperature
  - Antenna unit -30°C to +70°C
  - Transponder -15°C to +55°C
- 7.2 Relative humidity 93% or less at +40°C
- 7.3 Degree of protection
  - Antenna unit IPX6

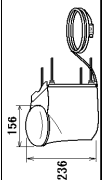

	Transponder	IP20
7.4	Vibration	IEC 60945

## **8 COATING COLOR**

8.1	GPS antenna unit	N9.5
8.2	Transponder	N2.5

PACKING LIST  
GVA-100-T/-HK

A-2

NAME	OUTLINE	DESCRIPTION/CODE No.	Q'TY
ユニット			
複合空中線部		GVA-100-T/HK	1
GPS/VHF COMBINED ANTENNA		000-041-942-00 **	
工事材料			
INSTALLATION MATERIALS			
INSTALLATION MATERIALS		CP24-00141	1
		001-176-030-00	

コード番号末尾の[\*\*]は、選択品の代表コードを表します。  
CODE NUMBER ENDING WITH "\*\*" INDICATES THE CODE NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE MATERIAL.

型式/コード番号が2段の場合、下段より上段に代わる過渡期品であり、どちらが入っています。なお、品質は変わりません。  
TWO TYPES AND CODES MAY BE LISTED FOR AN ITEM. THE LOWER PRODUCT MAY BE SHIPPED IN PLACE OF THE UPPER PRODUCT. QUALITY IS THE SAME.  
(略図の寸法は、参考値です。DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.)

C4431-Z19-B

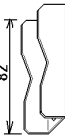
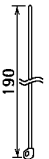


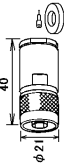
A-1

FURUNO

CODE NO.	001-176-030-00	244A-X-9405 -3
TYPE	CP24-00141	1/1

工事材料表

INSTALLATION MATERIALS

番 号 NO.	名 称 NAME	略 図 OUTLINE	型 名 / 規 格 DESCRIPTIONS	数 量 QTY	用 途 / 備 考 REMARKS
1	ANT取付金具 ANTENNA BRACKET		24-003-3015-0 ROHS	2	
			CODE NO. 100-302-670-10		
2	ケーブル 結 CABLE TIE		CV-200HT	2	
			CODE NO. 000-162-191-10		
3	六角ナット 1/2 HEX. NUT		M8 SUS304	8	
			CODE NO. 000-167-479-10		
4	フラット平座金 FLAT WASHER		M8 SUS304	4	
			CODE NO. 000-167-464-10		
5	コネクタ (N) CONNECTOR		N-P-80SFA	2	
			CODE NO. 000-167-921-10		


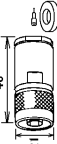

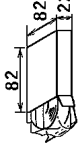
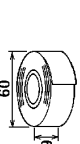
型式/コード番号が2段の場合、下段より上段に代わる過渡期品であり、どちらが入っています。なお、品質は変わりません。  
TWO TYPES AND CODES MAY BE LISTED FOR AN ITEM. THE LOWER PRODUCT MAY BE SHIPPED IN PLACE OF THE UPPER PRODUCT. QUALITY IS THE SAME.  
(略図の寸法は、参考値です。DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.)

FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

C4417-M05-D

FURUNO

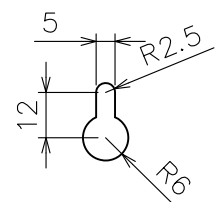
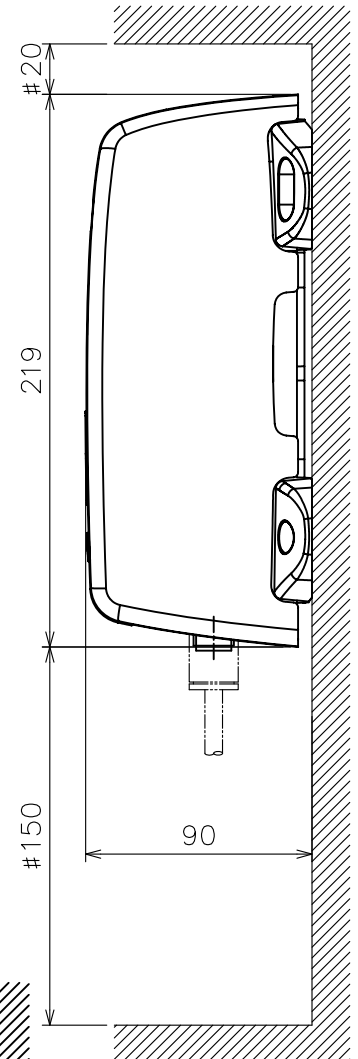
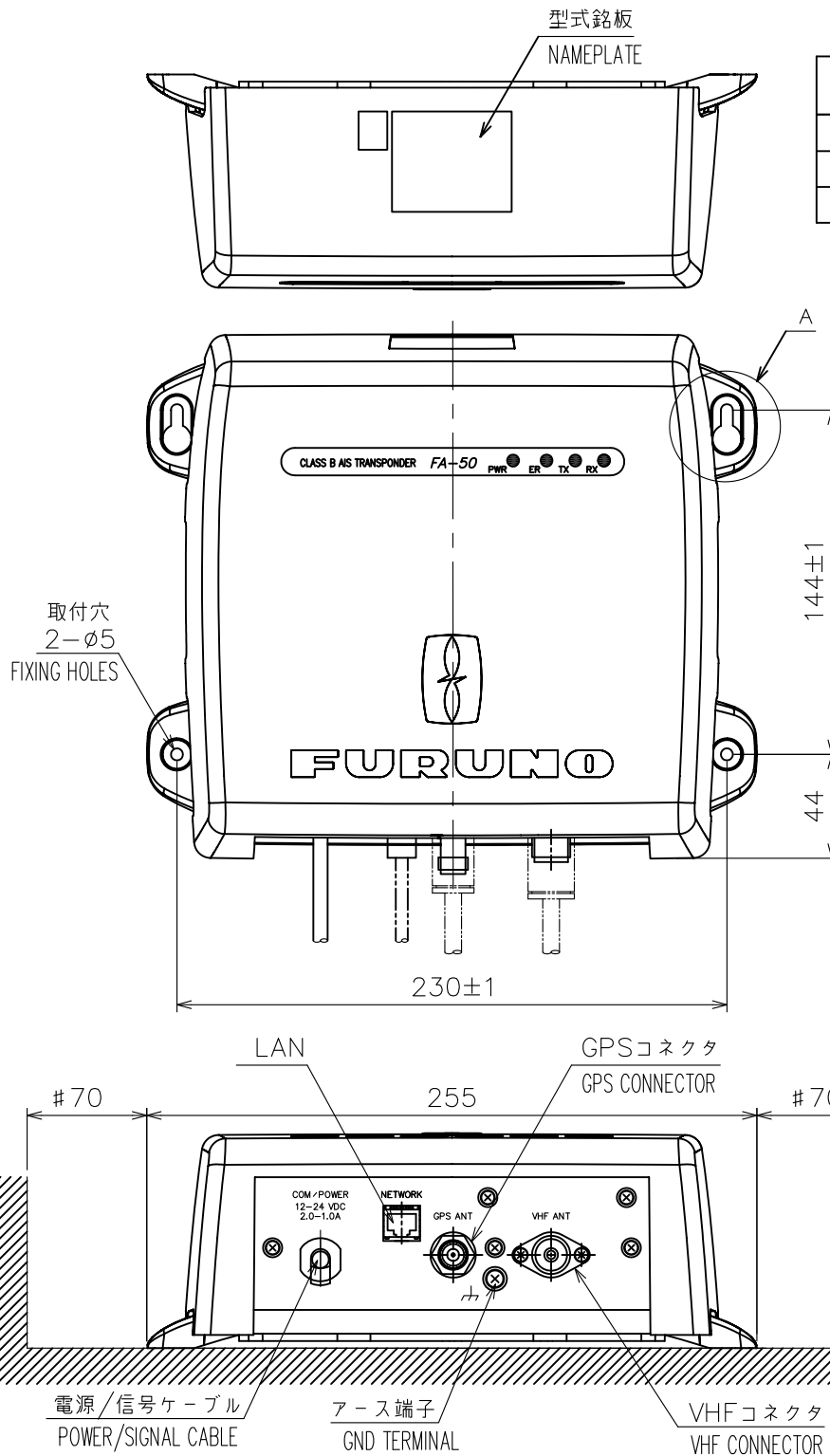
工事材料表

INSTALLATION MATERIALS			CODE NO.		24AC-X-9403 -5	
			TYPE		1/1	
番号 NO.	名称 NAME	略図 OUTLINE	型名/規格 DESCRIPTIONS	数量 Q'TY	用途/備考 REMARKS	
1	変換ケーブル組品 ADAPTOR CABLE ASSEMBLY		NJ-TP-3DXV-1 CODE NO. 001-248-160-00	1		
2	コネクタ (N) CONNECTOR		N-P-8DSFA CODE NO. 000-167-921-10	2		
3	同軸コネクタアダプタ COAXIAL CONNECTOR ADAPTOR		TNCP-NJ CODE NO. 000-156-599-10	1		
4	絶縁テープ INSULATION TAPE		UF-7 0.5X19X5M CODE NO. 000-165-833-10	1		
5	ビニールテープ VINYL TAPE		V360X01 CODE NO. 000-177-579-10	1		

型式/コード番号が2段の場合、下段より上段に代わる通称部品であり、どちらが入っています。なお、品質は変わりません。  
TWO TYPES AND CODES MAY BE LISTED FOR AN ITEM. THE LOWER PRODUCT MAY BE SHIPPED IN PLACE OF THE UPPER PRODUCT.  
QUALITY IS THE SAME.  
(縮図の寸法は、参考値です。DIMENSIONS IN DRAWING FOR REFERENCE ONLY.)

表 1 TABLE 1

寸法区分 (mm) DIMENSION	公差 (mm) TOLERANCE
$L \leq 50$	$\pm 1.5$
$50 < L \leq 100$	$\pm 2.5$
$100 < L \leq 500$	$\pm 3$


A部詳細 (尺度: 1/2)  
DETAIL OF A (SCALE: 1/2)

## 注 記

- 1) 指定外の寸法公差は表 1 による。
- 2) #印寸法は最小サービス空間寸法とする。
- 3) 取付ネジは+トラスタップピンネジ呼び径4x20を使用のこと。

## NOTE

1. TABLE 1 INDICATES TOLERANCE OF DIMENSIONS WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED.
2. # MINIMUM SERVICE CLEARANCE.
3. USE TAPPING SCREWS  $\phi 4 \times 20$  FOR FIXING THE UNIT.

DRAWN	6/Feb/2014	T.YAMASAKI	TITLE	FA-50
CHECKED	6/Feb/2014	H.MAKI	名称	簡易型船舶自動識別装置
APPROVED	7/Feb/2014	H.MAKI	外寸図	
SCALE	1/3	MASS	1.7	質量はケーブル (2m) を含む。 MASS INCLUDES 2m CABLE.
DWG.No.	C4442-G01- A	REF.No.	05-097-250G-0	NAME CLASS B AIS TRANSPONDER OUTLINE DRAWING

表1 TABLE 1

寸法区分(mm) DIMENSION	公差(mm) TOLERANCE
$L \leq 50$	$\pm 1.5$
$50 < L \leq 100$	$\pm 2.5$
$100 < L \leq 500$	$\pm 3$

1-14UNS1B

ねじ山数 (25.4mmにつき) : 14  
ピッチ: 1.8143 mm  
オネジ有効長さ: 19 mm以上  
オネジ有効径: 24.17mm

THREAD PER 25.4mm (1 INCH): 14  
PITCH: 1.8143 mm  
THREAD LENGTH: 19 mm OR MORE  
PITCH DIAMETER: 24.17mm

注記  
指定外の寸法公差は表1による。

NOTE

TABLE 1 INDICATES TOLERANCE OF DIMENSIONS WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED.

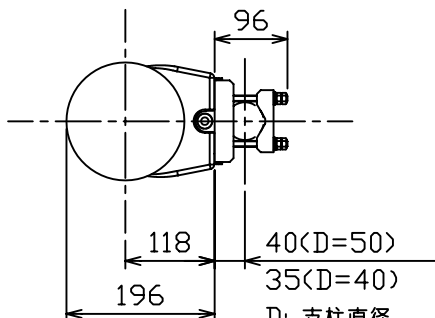
表2 TABLE 2

型式 TYPE	ケーブル長(m) CABLE LENGTH	プラグ PLUG	質量(kg $\pm 10\%$ ) MASS
GPA-017	10	TNC-P-3	0.6
GPA-017S	0.2	TNC-J-3	0.15

DRAWN	Mar. 27 '07 T.YAMASAKI	TITLE	GPA-017/017S
CHECKED	Mar. 27 '07 T.TAKENO	名称	空中線部
APPROVED	Mar. 27 '07 R.Esumi		外寸図
SCALE	1/1	NAME	ANTENNA UNIT
DWG.No.	C4384-G04- L		OUTLINE DRAWING

表 1 TABLE 1

寸法区分 (mm) DIMENSIONS	公差 (mm) TOLERANCE
$L \leq 50$	$\pm 1.5$
$50 < L \leq 100$	$\pm 2.5$
$100 < L \leq 500$	$\pm 3$
$500 < L \leq 1000$	$\pm 4$
$1000 < L \leq 2000$	$\pm 5$



D: 支柱直径  
D: DIAMETER OF STANCHION

FAB-151D

GSC-001

 $\phi 155$ 
 $1245 \pm 15$ 
 $236 \pm 5$ 

169

この点より上に金属物体が  
突出しないようにすること。  
NO METAL OBJECTS SHOULD  
BE BEYOND THIS POINT.

アンテナ支柱 (φ40~φ50)  
STANCHION

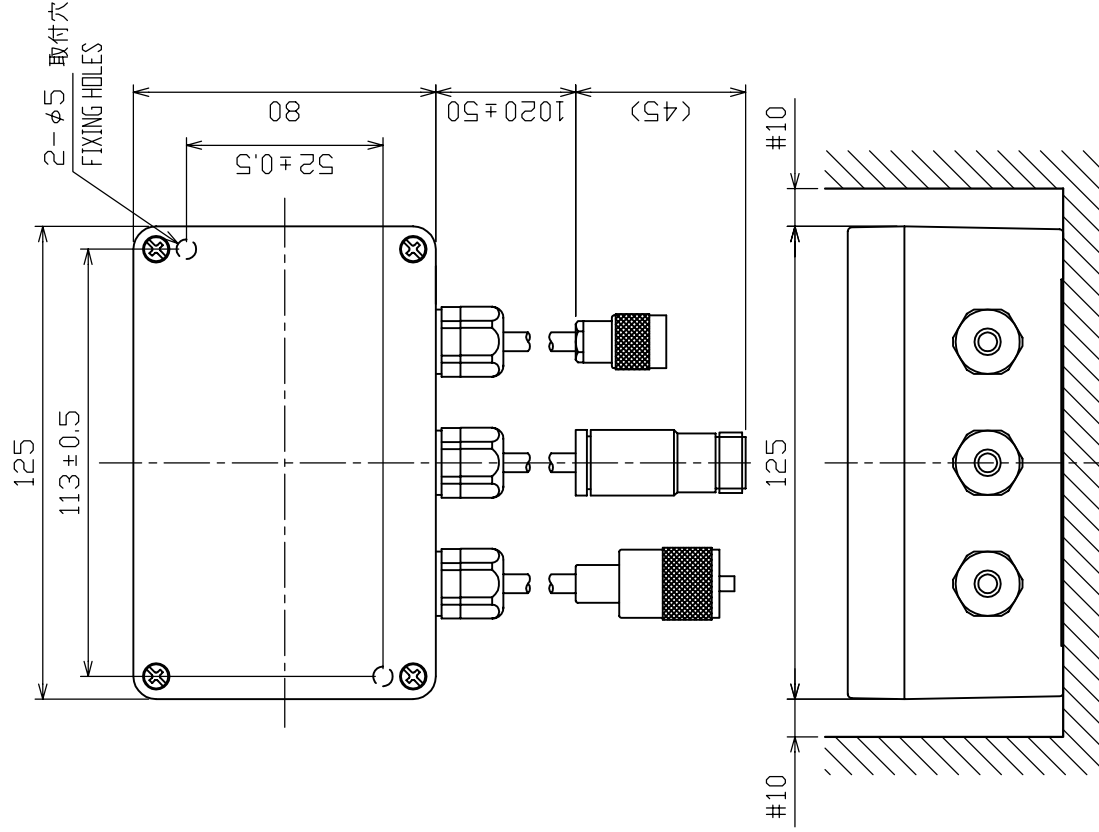
4-M8

注 記 1) 指定外の寸法公差は表 1 による。

NOTE 1. TABLE 1 INDICATES TOLERANCE OF DIMENSIONS WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED.

DRAWN Feb. 9 '05	T.YAMASAKI		TITLE GVA-100
CHECKED Feb. 9 '05	T.MATSUGUCHI		名称 GPS/VHF 複合空中線部
APPROVED Feb. 22 '05	T.Matsuguchi	FA-100	外寸図
SCALE 1/10	MASS 3.3 ±10% kg		NAME GPS/VHF COMBINED ANTENNA
DWG.No. C4417-G02-F		24-003-301G-1	OUTLINE DRAWING





注記 1) #印寸法は最小サービス空間寸法とする。

2) 指定外の寸法公差は表 1 による。

3) 取付用ネジは + ナベタッピンネジ 4 x 3.0 を使用のこと。

NOTE

1. # RECOMMENDED SERVICE CLEARANCE.

2. TABLE 1 INDICATES TOLERANCE OF DIMENSIONS.

3. USE TAPPING SCREWS 4x3.0 FOR FIXING THE UNIT.

寸法区分 (mm) DIMENSION	公差 (mm) TOLERANCE
L ≤ 50	± 1.5
50 < L ≤ 100	± 2.5
100 < L ≤ 500	± 3

表 1 TABLE 1

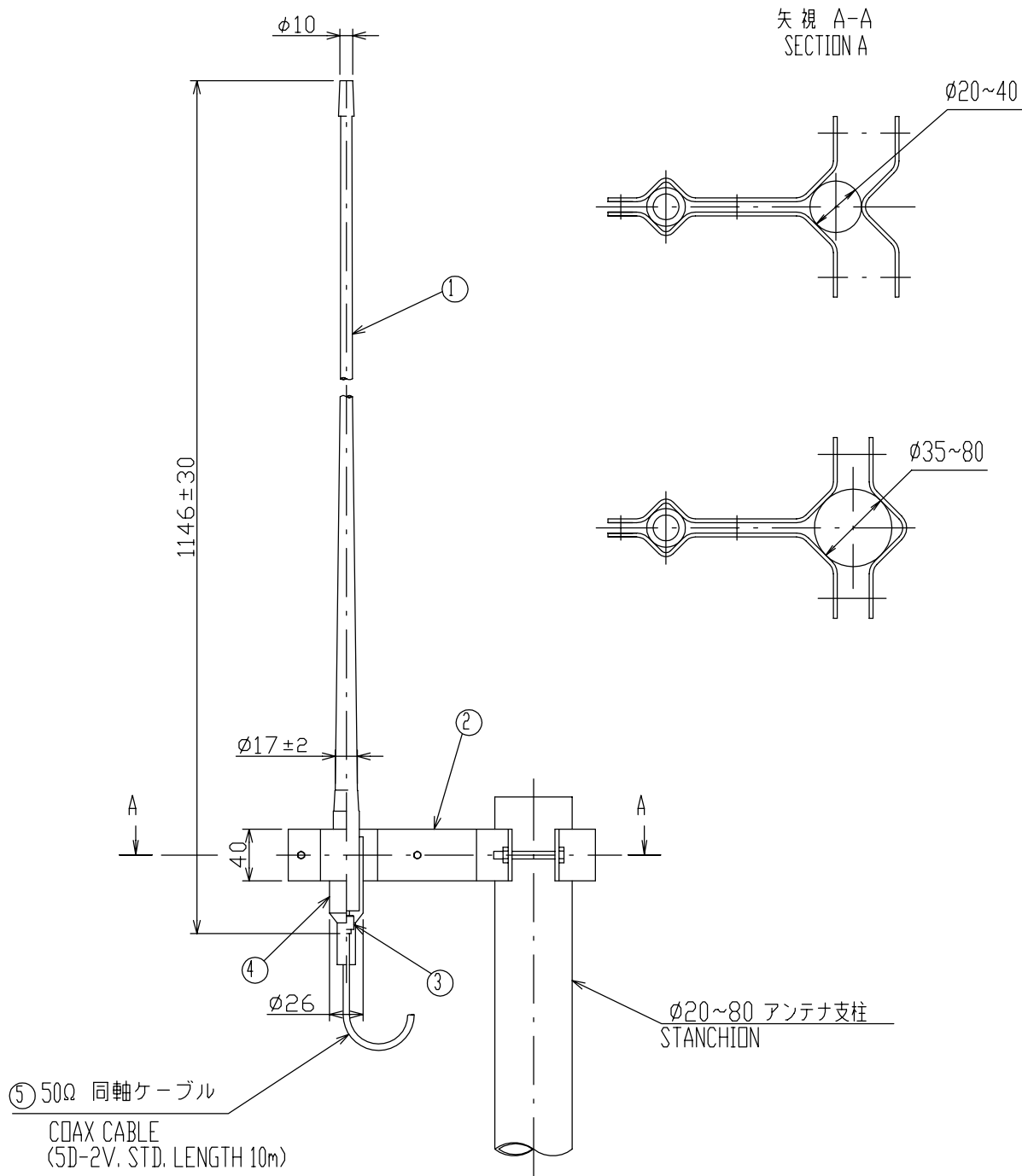
DRAWN	Jan. 9 '03	T. YAMASAKI	TITLE	DB-1
CHECKED	Jan. 9 '03	Y. KIMURA	名称	分配器
APPROVED	Jan. 9 '03	Y. Kimura	外寸図	FA-100
SCALE	1/2	MASS 0.85 kg	NAME	DISTRIBUTOR
DWG No.	C4417-G04-C	24-003-320G-4	OUTLINE DRAWING	

A

B

C

D



5	同軸ケーブル 50Ω COAX. CABLE		10m	5D-2V	
4	コネクタキャップ CONNECTOR CAP		1		
3	同軸コネクタ COAX. CONNECTOR		2	M-P-5	
2	アンテナ取付金具 ANTENNA BRACKET		1 式 SET		t2
1	アンテナ棒 ANTENNA ELEMENT	FRP	1	150M-W2VN	0.25kg
品番 ITEM	品名 NAME	材質 MATERIAL	数量 Q'TY	図番 DWGNo.	備考 REMARKS

DRAWN Nov. 26 '03 T.YAMASAKI

CHECKED Nov. 26 '03 T.TAKENO

APPROVED Nov. 28 '03 *M. Matsuguchi*

SCALE 1/5 MASS 0.7 ±10%  
kg

DWGNo. C5011-042- C

TITLE 150M-W2VN

名称 150MHzホイップアンテナ

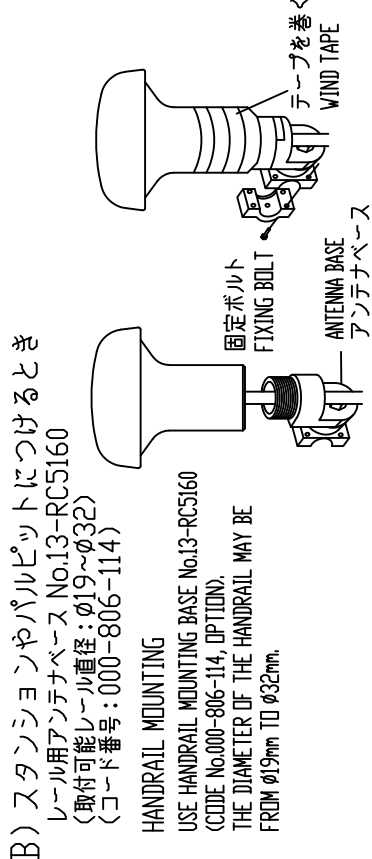
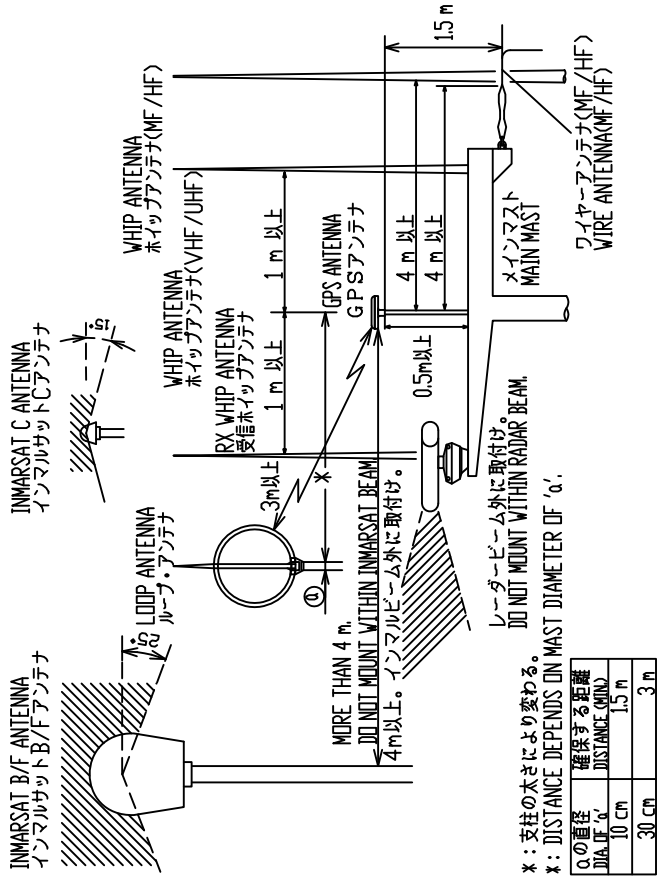
外寸図

NAME 150MHz WHIP ANTENNA

OUTLINE DRAWING

取付位置  
MOUNTING LOCATION

他の機器のアンテナから下の図の距離以上離す。  
THIS FIGURE SHOWS THE SEPARATION DISTANCES FROM OTHER ANTENNAS TO AVOID MUTUAL INTERFERENCE.

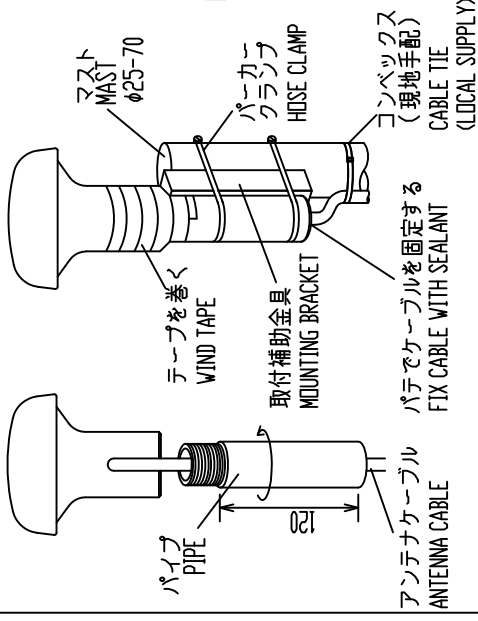


注記 1) パイプやアンテナベースはアンテナユニットにねじ込んだ後に固定する。  
2) アンテナを固定するときはパイプ (アンテナベース) をアンテナにねじ込むこと。  
アンテナ側をねじるとコネクタ部やケーブルに無理がかかり、故障の原因となる。

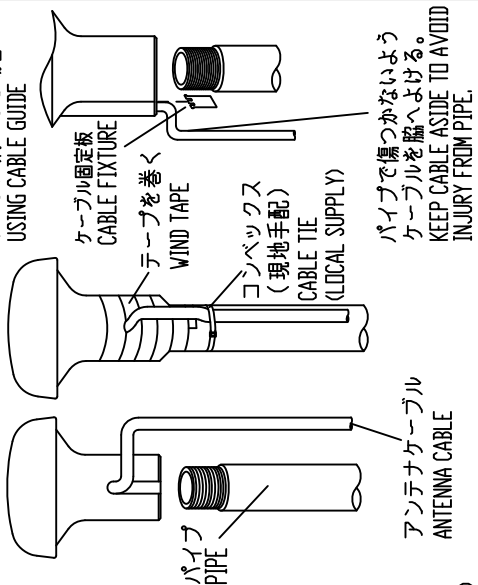
NOTE 1. FASTEN PIPE(ANTENNA BASE) TO ANTENNA UNIT FIRST THEN FIX THEM TO MAST OR HANDRAIL.  
2. WHEN FIXING ANTENNA, TURN PIPE OR ANTENNA BASE; NOT THE ANTENNA.  
TURNING THE ANTENNA MAY TWIST THE CABLE AND PLACE STRESS ON CONNECTOR.

A) マストへの取付け  
MAST MOUNTING

α) マスト取付金具CP20-0111(工事材料)でマストに固定する。  
USE MAST MOUNTING KIT CP20-0111.



わ) パイプのみを使うとき  
USE A PIPE ONLY.

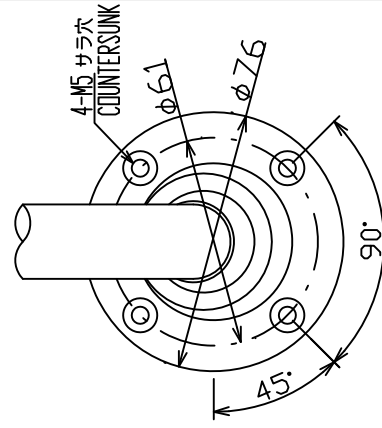


C) 取付ける場所が傾斜しているとき  
ANTENNA BASE MOUNTING

オプションのアンテナベースを使う。  
USE OPTIONAL ANTENNA BASE.

傾斜 INCLINATION	-5° - 33°	32° - 65°	65° - 98°
装備方法 MOUNTING METHOD			
アンテナベース型式 ANT. BASE TYPE	直型アンテナベース RIGHT ANGLE ANTENNA BASE No.13-QA330	L型アンテナベース L-TYPE ANTENNA BASE No.13-QA310	
コード番号 CODE No.	000-803-239	000-803-240	

アンテナベース基部  
MOUNTING DIMENSIONS OF ANTENNA BASE.



DRAWN	14/MAY/2014 T.YAMASAKI	TITLE	GPA series
CHECKED	14/MAY/2014 H.MAKI	名称	空中線部
APPROVED	15/May/2014 H. MAKI	装備要領図	
SCALE	MASS	NAME	ANTENNA UNIT
FIG.No.	C4384-Y01-F	INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	



\*4: IF COM LINES ARE NOT USED, TAPE THEM TO PREVENT SHORT-CIRCUIT.

DRAWN	17/Jul/2014	T. YAMASAKI				TYPE	FA-50
CHECKED	17/Jul/2014	H. MAKI				名称	簡易型船舶自動識別装置
APPROVED	17/Jul/2014	H. MAKI					相互結線図
SCALE		1/100	MASS	kg		NAME	CLASS B AIS TRANSPONDER
DWG. No.	C4442-C01-G		REF. No.	05-097-2002-1			INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

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## Declaration of Conformity

**C E 0560**We **FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

(Manufacturer)

9-52 Ashihara-Cho, Nishinomiya City, 662-8580, Hyogo, Japan

(Address)

declare under our sole responsibility that the product

**CLASS B AIS TRANSPONDER FA-50**

(Model name, type number)

is in conformity with the essential requirements as described in the Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment (R&TTE Directive) and satisfies all the technical regulations applicable to the product within this Directive

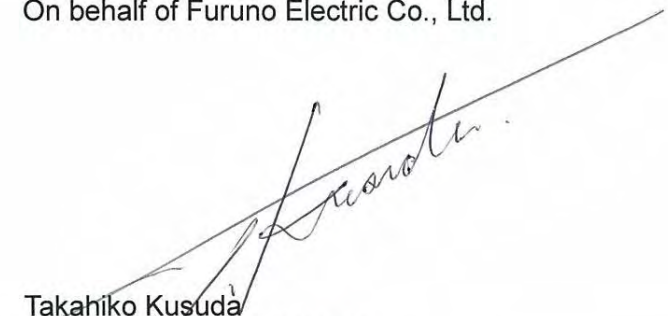
IEC 62287-1 Ed.1.0: 2006 Spurious related items  
IEC 60945 Ed.4.0: 2002 EMC related items  
IEC 60950-1 Ed.2.0: 2005 Safety related items  
IEC 60950-1 Ed.2.0 A1: 2009 Safety related items

(title and/or number and date of issue of the standard(s) or other normative document(s))

For assessment, see

- Statement of Opinion No: 07214157 issued by Telefication, The Netherlands.

On behalf of Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.

  
Takahiko Kusuda  
Manager, QMS Secretariat  
Quality Assurance Department

Nishinomiya City, Japan  
January 25, 2011